

Plant Type	Botanical Name	Common Name	Exposure	Season of Interest	Size	Birds	Attracts Humming birds	Butter fly	Deer	Drought	Native	Description
Evergreen	Gaultheria procumbens 'Redwood'	Wintergreen	Partial Shade to Shade	Year Round	6-8" x 12-36"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>'Redwood' has delicate light pink flowers that are followed by bright red berries that are held on the plant through winter.</p> <p>Native evergreen low-growing groundcover that has scarlet berries. Foliage smells of wintergreen and leaves develop reddish tinge in cold weather. Habit is procumbent and horizontal.</p>
Evergreen	Kalmia latifolia 'Tiddlywinks'	Mountain Laurel	Partial Shade	Spring to Summer	3' x 3'	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>'Tiddlywinks' is a very compact, spring blooming, broadleaf evergreen shrub with lovely rich pink buds and large, cup-shaped pink flowers. These blooms are held in large trusses 3 to 4 inches across and open from May to June. The color intensity varies from year to year and in different exposures.</p> <p>Much like the cultivar 'Elf' in growth rate, but 'Tiddlywinks' has a broader multiple-branching habit and deeper-colored</p>

Evergreen	Leucothoë fontanesiana 'Girard's Rainbow'	Fetterbush	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	6'	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>Multicolored new growth becomes mostly green and yellow as it matures. Similar to the species in growth and flower.</p> <p>Native to the southeastern USA, and well adapted to much of New England. Adaptable to seashore conditions. Excellent as a groundcover under larger trees or shrubs in woody sites.</p> <p>Prefers moist, acidic, organic, well drained soils. Plant in a protected site and avoid drought conditions, sweeping winds or excessive winter sun. It is deer resistant.</p>
Evergreen	Taxus canadensis	Canada Yew	Partial Shade to Shade	Year Round	5' x 10'	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Canada yew is a low growing shrub or ground cover, 3-6 ft. tall and twice as wide, with flat, narrow needles that are dark green above and pale green below. Evergreen foliage takes on a reddish-brown tint in winter. Spreading limbs dips at the tips. Bright-red, berry-like fruit grows at the tips of the branches.</p> <p>Ecologically, Canada yew can be described as an understory shrub of late successional forests. Like other yews, it is a very shade-tolerant species.</p> <p>The fleshy red fruit is eaten by many birds, including ruffed grouse, cedar waxwing, and robin.</p>

Fern	Athyrium felix-femina 'Lady in Red'	Lady Fern	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	30" x 24"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>Strong-growing and dependable, the Lady Ferns are great garden plants. This selection from the New England Wildflower Society features red stems, making it a great choice to combine with purple-leaved plants. Tough and easy to grow, this sultry beauty is the right choice for perennial borders and woodlands alike. A breathtaking flush of new fronds appears in the spring, with new leaves appearing throughout the season for a continuously fresh look.</p> <p>Lady Fern flourishes in bright shade and moist, rich, organic soil. Does not tolerate clay. Tolerates sun if kept cool and moist.</p>
Fern	Dryopteris erythrosora 'Brilliance'	Autumn Fern	Partial Shade to Shade	Fall	18"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>'Brilliance' is a top performer in USDA Hardiness Zones 5-8. Plants can reach 12-24 inches tall depending on the environment, with a spread of 1-2 feet. It has an upright, open habit and moderate density.</p> <p>Autumn fern does not have any big pest or disease problems.</p>

Fern	<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>	Male Fern	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	2-3' x 2-3'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>This is a clump forming fern found throughout North America. It has an upright habit and reaches up to 3 feet in height, providing a grand statement in the woodland or shade garden. Male fern will also work well in containers.</p> <p>The crown of this fern produces multiple plants, so divide the male fern regularly to increase your plants and to keep the symmetry, or allow it to become a large clump of a large groundcover of many plants. It prefers shade to bright shade and moist, fertile, acidic soil.</p>
Fern	<i>Dryopteris goldiana</i>	Goldie's Fern	Shade	Spring to Fall	3-4'	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>This is the largest of our native wood ferns, topping out at 4' high. Short creeping rhizomes lead to stands of broad arching fronds.</p> <p>This is a useful fern in the woodland or perennial garden for adding masses of lush greenery. Prefers moist leafy soils.</p>
Fern	<i>Matteuccia struthiopteris</i>	Ostrich Fern	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	2-4'	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>In the spring, emerging fronds create beautiful fresh green growth that forms bold, vase-shaped, erect clumps in the summer. Native to our moist woodlands or stream edges, this majestic fern needs rich, moist soil.</p> <p>Spreads by vigorous stolons and, in favorable conditions, can cover large areas.</p>

Fern	<i>Onoclea sensibilis</i>	Sensitive Fern	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Summer	1' - 3'	YES	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	<p>Sensitive fern has medium to large-sized ferns; large, deeply pinnatifid fronds and spherical spore-bearing bodies borne on a separate stalk.</p> <p>The fronds die quickly with the first autumn frosts, which is why the plant has gained its common name of the sensitive fern. This species is reported to be poisonous to livestock and rarely, if ever, is troubled by browsing deer.</p> <p>It is found in wet woods, along streams, riverbanks, swamps and bogs; uncommon in forested environments.</p> <p>The preference is partial sun to light shade, moist conditions, and soil that is loamy, silty, or sandy.</p>
Fern	<i>Osmunda cinnamomea</i>	Cinnamon Fern	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	2-5'	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>Cinnamon fern derives its name from its first leaves which unfold in the spring and are erect and covered with brown spore capsules, resembling cinnamon sticks. These are followed by larger, coarse-textured fronds.</p> <p>Osmunda ferns prefer moist, acid soils and are handsome additions to wet woodland or stream-side gardens.</p>

Fern	<i>Osmunda claytoniana</i>	Interrupted Fern	Partial Shade to Shade		3' x 3'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>This is a native fern which usually grows in moist, wooded slopes of ravines and wet woodlands. The interrupted fern typically grows in a spreading-vase form to 2-3' tall, but with constant moisture can reach 5' in height. Broad fronds are "interrupted" in the middle by spore-bearing pinnae (leaflets) which typically fall off in mid summer, thus giving rise to the common name. The rhizomes (roots) are the source for <i>Osmunda</i> fiber used in the potting of orchids. Does not tolerate drought.</p> <p>Companion plants to false solomon seal, wood phlox, foam flowers, royal ferns and hairy alum root.</p>
Fern	<i>Osmunda regalis</i>	Royal Fern	Shade	Spring to Fall	3'	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>Bright brown plumes emerge from the ground in spring. Leafy, lance-shaped fronds are attractive all season long.</p> <p>Prefers an acid soil and a lot of moisture.</p>
Fern	<i>Polystichum acrostichoides</i>	Christmas Fern	Partial Shade to Shade	Year Round	18-24"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>Native throughout the North American woodlands, Christmas fern derives its name from its evergreen foliage. The new fronds emerge in spring covered with silvery hairs, then become a glossy green.</p> <p>Happy in average, well-drained soil. Withstands considerable abuse once established.</p>

Fern	Polystichum polyblepharum	Tassel Fern	Partial Shade	Year Round	2' x 2'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>This evergreen fern is considered one of the most beautiful ferns in cultivation. Shiny dark green fronds with a paler green on the reverse side. Tassel fern grows in a luxuriant vase-shaped clump similar to a cycad. The fiddleheads flip over backwards to form tassels as the newly emerging fronds unfurl, hence the common name of tassell fern. Tassels disappear as fronds flatten with maturity.</p> <p>Easily grown in organically rich, consistently moist, well-drained loams in part shade to full shade. Consider planting rhizome at an angle to help combat potential crown rot problems which most often occur in poorly drained soils.</p> <p>Use this beauty in a shady border or woodland garden where its shiny foliage adds luster. Native to Japan and Korea.</p>
Groundcover	Carex morrowii 'Ice Dance'	Japanese Sedge	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	12" x 12"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>This Japanese sedge was introduced to us by Barry Yinger. It was given the Outstanding Plant Award from the International Hardy Plant Union.</p> <p>Shiny emerald leaves have creamy white margins. Easily grown in medium to wet soil in part shade to full shade.</p> <p>It has rhizomatous roots and spreads slowly to make a sparkling carpet in shaded areas. Average garden soil suits this easy selection.</p>

Groundcover	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hair Grass	Partial Shade	Fall	2-3'	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>Tufted hair grass is clump-forming, cool season grass which is often grown as an ornamental. This is one of the few ornamental grasses that grows well in moderately shady locations, however it will not flower well if grown in too much shade.</p> <p>Flower panicles turn yellowish-tan after bloom as the seed ripens and may remain attractive through much of the winter or removed to tidy the plant.</p> <p>Grown in average, medium, well-drained soils in part shade. Prefers moist, organically rich soils. Cut old foliage to the ground in late winter before new shoots appear.</p>
Perennial	<i>Actaea (Cimicifuga) pachypoda</i>	White Baneberry	Partial Shade to Shade	Summer to Fall	30" x 30"	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES	<p>White Baneberry is a shade loving native woodland perennial. Clumps of lacy foliage emerge in the spring followed by fragrant clusters of small white flowers that float above the foliage. In autumn they develop panicles of eye-catching white fruit borne on red pedicels.</p> <p>Acteas prefer moist, rich soil; water in dry periods. They are generally not bothered by any pests or diseases.</p> <p>The fruits of this plant are poisonous if ingested.</p>

Perennial	Adiantum pedatum	American Maidenhair Fern	Partial Shade	Spring to Fall	18-24"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>This fern has a delicate beauty. Dainty, feathery, fine textured fronds have a striking black stem. A slow spreader from rhizomes, this plant is easily grown.</p> <p>A good well drained neutral soil is best.</p>
Perennial	Anemone tomentosa 'Robustissima'	Hardy Grapeleaf Anemone	Partial Shade	Late Summer-Fall	32"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>The earliest blooming of the fall anemones, the grapeleaf anemone is also one of the hardiest. This selection is one of the showiest perennials for late summer and into the fall with masses of soft pink, single blooms. This quite vigorous form quickly produces a large clump over time. 'Robustissima' is an easy, carefree and low maintenance perennial.</p> <p>It is best grown in part shade and moist soil but is also quite tolerant of a sunny, drier location.</p>

Perennial	Aplectrum hyemale	Putty Root	Shade	Late Spring	12-18"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>This is a North American native orchid with the glamorous name of 'Putty Root'. The plant arises from a globular tuber, with the remains of the previous year's tuber persisting. Puts forth a single, crinkled leaf in fall. This leaf can be up to 10" long and 3" wide with beautiful parallel silver veining. In the Spring, the leaf vanishes and a 12"-18" pencil thick stem of greenish-yellow-purplish Orchid flowers appears.</p> <p>Aplectrum is typically found in moist, rich deciduous woods. Requires consistently moist soil; do not let dry out between waterings</p> <p>The name "putty root" comes from the sticky fluid which can be removed from the tubers when they are crushed. This fluid was used by early American settlers to repair broken pottery, and by Native Americans for medicinal purposes.</p>
Perennial	Arisaema triphyllum	Jack-in-the- Pulpit	Partial Shade	May-June	16-20"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>One of the most desirable wildflowers of North American Woodlands. One or two green leaves are divided into three leaflets. A long purple-green spathe (the pulpit) encloses a slender spadix (jack). After the flower fades, berries are produced that ripen to a bright scarlet in the fall.</p> <p>Prefers woodland conditions with cool, moist, humus rich soil.</p>

Perennial	Asarum canadense	Wild Ginger	Partial Shade	Spring	1"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Kidney-shaped, leathery, dark green leaves somewhat hide the mahogany-purple-brown, pitcher shaped flowers with tail-like lobes.</p> <p>This is a woodland plant, native to North America.</p>
Perennial	Brunnera macrophylla 'Sea Heart'	Siberian Bugloss	Partial Shade	Late Spring	6-12" x 12-24"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>'Sea Heart' was discovered as a naturally occurring mutation of Brunnera macrophylla 'Silver Lace' by Peter Jan Willemsen in 2010, in The Netherlands. Its large heart-shaped leaves are mottled with silver between green veins. Its forget-me-not-like flowers open sky blue and fade to pink/lavender producing a two-tone effect.</p> <p>Siberian bugloss, is a rhizomatous, clump-forming perennial primarily grown for its attractive heart-shaped, dark green, basal foliage. Easily grown in average, medium moisture, well-drained soil in part shade.</p> <p>'Sea Heart' tolerates dry soil better than most other cultivars of this species. Its leaves are sun tolerant and resistant to scorch unlike others in this species.</p>

Perennial	Chamaelirium luteum	Fairy-wand	Partial Shade to Shade	Early Summer	1-4'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>From a basal cluster of evergreen, elliptic or oblong leaves, 1 to 3 foot tall flower stems sprout up and are topped with masses of tiny white, tightly packed white flowers.</p> <p>Ranging throughout the eastern US, this interesting perennial flowers in late spring/early summer and prefers rich, moist soil, and partial to full shade. Eventually plants will naturalize and form sizeable colonies.</p>
Perennial	Chelone lyonii 'Pink Temptation'	Pink Turtlehead	Partial Shade to Shade	Summer	16" x 165"	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES	<p>Turtleheads are native wildflowers that adapt beautifully to garden conditions. Pink Temptation forms an upright, bushy mound of shiny green foliage which turns bronzy-green early in the season. In late summer, plants produce upright stems of large rosy-pink hooded flowers. Flowers from July to September.</p> <p>Best in a moist or wet site, they also adapt well to average perennial border conditions. Terrific at the waterside. Good for cutting. Showy and long lived. Attractive to butterflies. Plants are easily divided in spring.</p> <p>Companion plant with fox sedge, royal ferns, obedient plant and Cardinal flower.</p>

Perennial	Cyclamen hederifolium	Hardy Cyclamen	Partial Shade	Fall	4-6"	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	NO	<p>This hardy cyclamen typically grows 4-6" tall and features pink or white tinged with pink flowers (2" long) with a darker eye and reflexed petals. Blooms somewhat profusely in late summer into fall, one flower per stem.</p> <p>Extremely attractive, ivy-shaped, mottled leaves are variably colored, but usually gray-green with silver and white marbling. The flower stalks typically rise up late summer to early fall and are followed by the foliage which persists through winter and goes dormant in late spring.</p>
Perennial	Epimedium grandiflorum 'Lilafee'	Barrenwort	Partial Shade to Shade	Mid Spring	8-12"	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	NO	<p>Exceptionally large, lavender-violet, star-shaped flowers are borne in racemes. Leaves are oval coming to a point, acquiring shades of red and tan during spring and fall.</p>

Perennial	Epimedium x 'Domino'	Barrenwort	Partial Shade to Shade	Mid Spring	24" x 30"	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	NO	<p>Looking for a reliable and profuse-flowering, low-growing perennial that is also evergreen? Did we say that it is also good in dry shade? Domino barrenwort is your plant!</p> <p>Domino is a heavy bloomer in April and May, producing a multitude of airy flowers displayed on burgundy stems. The blooms have long white spurs which end in rose purple cupped centers. The spikes emerge from evergreen leaves which are mottled with large burgundy spots.</p> <p>Treat it as groundcover for the woodland's edge, you won't be disappointed. Plant with spring bulbs, Allegheny pachysandra and Lenten rose. Very low maintenance perennial.</p>
Perennial	Epimedium x versicolor 'Sulphureum'	Yellow Barrenwort	Partial Shade	May-June	12-15"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>Epimedium is a carpeting perennial with dense heart-shaped, divided leaves on wiry stems. Flowers are yellow. This is a very vigorous form and probably the best that tolerates conditions others may not.</p> <p>Often chosen as the solution to the barren area where other plants perish.</p>

Perennial	Erythronium albidum	White Dog's-tooth Violet	Shade	Mid Spring	12" x 6"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>White Dog's-tooth Violet has tulip-like green leaves with silvery-maroon mottled markings. The plants will spread slowly to form colonies, but can take 4 years to flower. A single, very attractive flower will bloom for just a few days on mature plants early in the spring. The plant will fade into dormancy by mid-summer.</p> <p>Grows best in woodland soils with other spring ephemerals like spring beauties and bloodroot.</p>
Perennial	Eurybia (Aster) divaricata	White Wood Aster	Partial Shade	Early Fall	24-28"	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	<p>The white wood aster is a distinctive woodland plant, native from Maine to Georgia. Slender mahogany stems twist and form loose clumps. Small white flowers, borne in fall, are so numerous that they cover the entire plant.</p> <p>Try it at the front of the border among plants with bold foliage. Prefers a moist, well-drained soil rich in organic matter.</p>
Perennial	Galium odoratum	Sweet Woodruff	Partial Shade to Shade	Late Spring	4-6" x 2'	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>Galium odoratum is a groundcover with exquisite, whorled leaves that form a solid mat of foliage from spring through frost. Tiny pure white blossoms cover the foliage in spring.</p> <p>Grows best in moist, well-drained sites in partial to full shade. Tolerant of acid soil and grows well in the shade of rhododendrons and other acid loving plants. Spreads somewhat vigorously and is best used as a groundcover.</p>

Perennial	Helleborus argutifolius	Corsican Hellebore	Partial Shade to Shade	Late Winter	2' x 18"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>In late winter/early spring, bright apple-green flowers rise above masses of glossy dark, ever-green leaves. This native of Corsica and Sardinia is one of the largest Hellebores.</p> <p>It is a hardy, easy-to-grow perennial that thrives in a partially sunny to full shade locations and is a great companion to early spring bulbs.</p> <p>Insect/disease resistant and tolerant of heat and humidity.</p>
Perennial	Helleborus foetidus	Bear's Foot Hellebore	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	18"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>This is a great plant for the spring garden. Tall spikes of bright green flowers are one of the first to appear – often in late winter. The deeply divided dark green leaves are evergreen and add fabulous structural texture to shady areas.</p> <p>Tolerant of a variety of conditions and self-sows easily.</p>

Perennial	Helleborus x 'Southern Belles Strain'	Hybrid Lenten Rose	Partial Shade to Shade	Late Winter	24" x 20"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>Southern Belles Strain Lenten Rose is a hybrid mix of double and semi double flowering hellebores. Most are cup shaped, outward facing or nodding.</p> <p>Flowers are in shades of white, pink, purple, green, red, yellow and apricot, some are blotched or speckled. You really don't know until it flowers. Try massing this mix and be prepared to be surprised. Blooms late winter to early spring.</p> <p>Best in part shade and in well drained humus rich soils. Cut back leaves before the appearance of flower stalks in February.</p> <p>Plant with evergreen ground covers like barrenwort or Allegheny pachysandra.</p>
Perennial	Heuchera americana 'Dale's Strain'	American Alumroot	Partial Shade	Spring to Fall	8-12"	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	<p>This native, selected by Dale Hendrick's at nearby North Creek Nursery, features excitingly variable silver and blue marbled foliage due to being propagated from seed. The clusters of tiny, bright green flowers are held above the foliage in May and June.</p> <p>An excellent drought tolerant groundcover.</p>

Perennial	Heuchera villosa (macrorrhiza) 'Autumn Bride'	Hairy Alumroot	Partial Shade to Shade	Early Fall	24"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>Large, softly hairy, light green leaves are cool and fresh throughout the summer months. In the fall, large panicles of tiny white flowers rise up above the foliage, adding splash to the fall garden. Hairy alumroot is native to the Appalachians.</p> <p>Performs well in full sun altho a bit of shade in the afternoon would be well received. This species has good drought tolerance and seems to do better in hot and humid summers than most heucheras, though some scorch and general foliage decline may occur if soils are allowed to totally dry out.</p>
Perennial	Heuchera villosa 'Caramel'	Hairy Alumroot	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	18" x 24"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>Bred by Thierry Delabroye, Caramel has glowing apricot new growth fading to soft amber by summer. Fall color is an intense salmon red. Its lobed fuzzy foliage typical of Heuchera villosa stays clean. An eastern US native species that is plenty hardy and unsurpassed for longevity.</p> <p>Long panicles of creamy white flowers in late summer to fall. Does well in dry shade.</p>
Perennial	Hosta 'Kabitan'	Hybrid Hosta	Partial Shade to Shade	Mid Summer	12-15"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>This is a small, refined hosta that combines beautifully with other perennials to light up shady areas. Long, narrow, lance-shaped leaves are golden yellow with wavy green margins. The flowers are purple.</p> <p>This variety does best in good, humusy soil with adequate moisture.</p>

Perennial	Hosta 'Guacamole'	Hybrid Hosta	Partial Shade to Shade	Late Summer	38"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>This large hosta can grow to 4 feet wide! The 10 inch long and 8 inch wide leaves are an unusual blend of avocado and dark green with a rippled edge. The bell-shaped flowers are pale lavender.</p> <p>Grows best in good, moist soil.</p>
Perennial	Jeffersonia diphylla	Twin Leaf	Partial Shade	Spring	12-18"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>This clump-forming perennial is suitable for woodland, shade, or rock gardens. Basal leaves have two large lobes, hence the common name "Twinleaf." Fruit pods, pear-shaped and ornamental.</p> <p>The genus name Jeffersonia is given to this plant in honor of President Thomas Jefferson.</p>
Perennial	Kirengeshoma palmata	Waxbells	Partial Shade	Summer	3-4'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>A shrub-like perennial with large palmately lobed foliage. The 1" long, pale-yellow, waxy, bell-shaped flowers are found in the axils of the topmost leaves in late summer and fall. Prefers moist, rich soil in shade.</p> <p>Allow it to remain undisturbed for as long as possible.</p>
Perennial	Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal Flower	Partial Shade	Summer	3-4'	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	<p>Tall spikes of rich scarlet flowers that attract hummingbirds are borne in mid to late summer. Native to our streambanks or damp meadows, cardinal flower thrives in moist soils and will self-sow.</p>

Perennial	<i>Lobelia siphilitica</i>	Giant Lobelia	Partial Shade to Shade	Summer	2-3'	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES	<p>Giant Blue Lobelia is a native wildflower found by streams, ponds and moist meadows east of the Rockies. They should be located in rich moist, well drained soil in the shady garden. This is a vigorous plant, once established it self sows, generously creating new plants to share.</p> <p>Low rosettes of leaves are the launching pad for upright flower spikes of clear blue. It is a favorite of birds and butterflies. Deer resistant. Tolerates full sun in northern climates.</p>
Perennial	<i>Maianthemum (Smilacina) stellatum</i>	Starry False Solomon's Seal	Partial Shade to Shade	Late Spring	1.5' x 2'	YES	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	<p>Starry false solomon seal is an excellent perennial for the woodland garden where it is free to colonize amongst ferns and foam flowers.</p> <p>Bearing dainty white flowers in May and in to June, the arching branches will add distinct texture to any landscape.</p> <p>Try using this as a groundcover.</p>
Perennial	<i>Mertensia virginica</i>	Virginia Bluebells	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	12-24"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>One of our most beloved woodland wildflowers, the pink buds open to clear sky-blue flowers in nodding clusters. The emerging leaves are purple-grey, turning blue-green at maturity. The entire plant goes dormant in Mid-June.</p> <p>Prefers moist soils, but will tolerate dry conditions when established; will self-sow.</p>

Perennial	Mitchella repens	Partridge Berry	Part to Full Shade	Year Round	1-2"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>Our native partridgeberry forms a wonderful groundcover in the woodland garden. In the winter the leaves of this evergreen plant provide a perfect setting for the small red berries. Pairs of small white flowers are fragrant and bloom in spring to early summer.</p> <p>Prefers moist, shady soil.</p>
Perennial	Packera (Senecio) aurea	Golden Groundsel	Partial Shade	Spring	6-12" x 8-24"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>One of our native woodland plants, golden groundsel sends up clusters of bright yellow daisy-type flowers in early spring.</p> <p>After flowering the semi-evergreen foliage form an attractive ground cover for moist shady locations.</p> <p>Plants spread rapidly and may be aggressive. Good ground cover beneath trees where other plants won't grow.</p> <p>Synonym name is Senecio aurea.</p>
Perennial	Phlox divaricata 'Blue Moon'	Woodland Phlox	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	12" x 18"	NO	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	<p>'Blue Moon' woodland phlox is a low maintenance, early flowering, native ground cover. Flowers appear in May atop tall stems producing a tapestry of billowy light blue display.</p> <p>Best planted in woodland setting where there is ample spring moisture in rich humusy soil.</p> <p>Great companion for bleeding heart, trillium and heuchera.</p>

Perennial	<i>Podophyllum peltatum</i>	Mayapple	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	12-18"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>Mayapple is a rhizomatous, native wildflower that occurs in both moist and dry woodland areas. From a single stem, each plant grows 12-18" tall and features one or two, deeply-divided, palmately-lobed, umbrella-like, pale green leaves (to 12" diameter).</p> <p>Plants with only one leaf will not flower. From the crotch (leaf axil) on two-leaved plants, a single, nodding, waxy, 6-9-petaled, white flower (3" diameter) appears on a short, thin stem in early spring. Flowers are quite showy, but usually hidden by the umbrella-like leaves. Each flower gives way to an edible, fleshy, greenish fruit (mayapple) which turn golden when ripe and may be used to make preserves and jellies.</p> <p>Leaves and roots are poisonous, however.</p>
Perennial	<i>Polemonium reptans</i>	Jacob's Ladder	Partial Shade	Late Spring	8-18"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Jacob's Ladder is a wildflower native to the eastern woodlands and the midwestern plains. Clusters of pale, china blue, bell-like flowers rise above fern like foliage.</p> <p>An excellent plant for the woodland garden. Prefers moist, well drained soil.</p>

Perennial	<i>Polygonatum biflorum</i>	Small Solomon's seal	Partial Shade to Shade	Mid Spring	12-36" x 18"	YES	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	<p>The zig-zag arching stalks are from 1-3 ft. long. Nodding, greenish-white, tubular flowers hang in pairs from where the leaves are attached to the single stem. Hanging from the leaf axils on an arching stem are a few (often 2) greenish-white, bell-like flowers. Blue berries follow the flowers of this perennial. The root is rhizomatous (think of German iris) but non-colonizing.</p> <p>Small Solomon's seal does best in rich woodland soil but quite versatile and will do well at the base of trees. Roots consumed by mammals. Fruits attract birds.</p> <p>Companion plants: short hostas, maiden hair fern, columbine and golden ragwort.</p>
Perennial	<i>Primula japonica</i>	Japanese Primrose	Partial Shade to Shade	Late Spring	1-2'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	<p>Japanese Primrose is also known as the candelabra primrose – the flowers bloom in concentric whorls or rings on the tall flower spikes. Their flower color ranges from white to pink to deep rose.</p> <p>It needs a cool, moist root run and thrives in soggy areas or along streams. With the right conditions, it is one of the easiest primroses to grow and self-sows readily to form beautiful colonies.</p>

Perennial	<i>Rhexia virginica</i>	Meadow beauty	Partial Shade to Shade	Summer	1-2'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Meadow beauty or Handsome Harry is a 2 ft. succulent, hairy perennial with bright-green, oval leaves and showy flowers in loose, nearly terminal clusters. Flowers are strikingly beautiful with showy pink-purple petals and contrasting bright yellow stamens.</p> <p>Members of this genus have a distinctive urn-shaped fruit that Thoreau once compared to a little cream pitcher. The narrowly winged stem is four-sided with flat faces.</p> <p>Prefers wet peat or sandy, acid soils.</p>
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Perennial	Rodgersia sambucifolia	Elderberry Rodgersia	Partial Shade to Shade	Early Summer	2-3' x 2-3'	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO	<p>Looking for a bold addition to your garden and you have a large moist area? The elderberry rogersia is a bold, clump-forming, rhizomatous perennial for you. Each leaf features 3-11 sharply-toothed, oblong to lanceolate leaflets (each leaflet to 8" long). Apetalous, creamy white to pink flowers bloom in dense, branched, astilbe-like flower spikes rising above the foliage mound to 4' tall in July. This is a substantial perennial that typically forms a spreading foliage mound to 2-3' tall and as wide. It will naturalize over time by thick rhizomes.</p> <p>Best grown in rich, acidic, humusy, consistently moist soils in part shade but tolerates full shade. Thrives in wet, boggy soils; leaf margins may turn brown if soil dries out. Deadhead spent flower stalks. Shelter plants from strong winds to protect the large leaves from possible wind damage.</p>
Perennial	Sanguinaria canadensis	Bloodroot	Shade	Early Spring	12"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>An early spring native woodland wildflower, bloodroot sports palmately lobed foliage of glaucous gray leaves. An attractive, white terminal flower rises up on a leafless stalk.</p> <p>Roots are red and when broken excrete a red sap that was used by Native Americans as war paint.</p>

Perennial	<i>Smilacina racemosa</i>	False Solomon's Seal	Partial Shade to Shade	Mid Spring	24-36" x 24"	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	<p>A native of the Pacific Northwest, this clump-forming perennial looks great in the garden with its graceful architectural appearance. The strong, slightly arching stems have deep green alternating leaves with strong parallel veins running up to the tip. Plume-like clusters of small, white flowers - enjoy their unexpected rose fragrance - crown this perennial in mid-spring.</p> <p>By late summer, round red berries that are sometimes spotted with purple appear. It is drought tolerant once established and grows well in dry, shady locations.</p>
Perennial	<i>Stylophorum diphyllum</i>	Wood Poppy	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	12-18" x 12-18"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p><i>Stylophorum diphyllum</i> is a gem! This clump forming perennial is lovely Spring through Fall. It has wonderfully lobed leaves with grey undersides, clear yellow cup-like flowers and grey fuzzy seed pods.</p> <p>It has a heavy bouquet of flowers in the spring but blooms intermittently through the summer, then the leaves turn lovely fall colors before it dies back for the winter. It will generously spread by seedlings but they are easy to control.</p>
Perennial	<i>Tiarella cordifolia</i> 'Brandywine'	Hybrid Foamflower	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring to Fall	8-12"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	<p>The flowers of this native foamflower are the softest in shape and color. Delicate, diminutive spikes of rosy white flowers sit atop velvety green, purple striated foliage.</p> <p>A great plant for moist shade and the woodland garden.</p>

Perennial	Trillium cuneatum	Trillium	Partial Shade to Shade	Mid Spring	12-18"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Trillium cuneatum is a robust, erect, clump-forming perennial with stalkless, widely ovate-rounded, mid-green leaves, marked pale or silver-green. Produces musk-scented, dark maroon flowers with wedge-shaped petals and purple-tipped, olive-green septals are borne above the leaves. Flowers in early March to mid April.</p> <p>Establish rhizomes in shady location where soil is rich and moist.</p> <p>Trillium cuneatum is native to parts of the southeastern United States.</p>
Perennial	Trillium erectum 'Beige'	Purple Wakerobin	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	12" x 12"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>'Beige' is the creamy yellow flowered version of Purple Trillium.</p> <p>Trilliums make elegant understory plants when grouped in woodland areas. They have 3 leaves, often beautifully mottled, topped with a 3-petaled flower in early to mid spring.</p> <p>Provide rich, moist, well-drained soil in a shady area. Plants go dormant in late summer or early fall and may be divided at this time.</p>
Perennial	Trillium luteum	Toad Trillium	Partial Shade	Spring	10-12"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Wide heart-shaped leaves are neatly mottled through maturity, holding in their triparted middle a vertical lemon fragrant flower. Native from northern Georgia to Southern Kentucky and from eastern Tennessee to western North Carolina.</p>

Perennial	Trillium pusillum	Dwarf white flowering trillum	Partial Shade to Shade	Early Spring	6-8"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>This lovely small perennial is just 6-8 inches tall. Whorls of three small (usually less than 3 inches), narrow, oblong lance-shaped leaves and flowers up to 1 inch petals that turn from white to pink or purple in the spring.</p> <p>Requires consistently moist soil; do not let dry out between waterings.</p>
Perennial	Trillium recurvatum	Praire Trillium	Partial Shade to Shade	Mid Spring	1' x 1'	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Occuring in woodlands throughout the prairie states, Trillium recurvatum is one of the least known of our native trilliums. Its curious maroon-colored flowers are nestled against its classically arranged three leaves. The small green sepals are reflexed - hence its specific epithet. The reddish brown flowers probably attract beetles and flies, which feed on the pollen. The handsome speckled leaves are most likely an adaptation to deer predation as this type of pattern may help to camouflage the plant with the surrounding forest floor.</p> <p>The prairie trillium is an easily-grown species, thriving in moist organic, well-drained woodland soils. As a result, it is ideal for wildflower gardens, native plant gardens, and shade gardens. It mixes well with other shade perennials that are not too aggressive - such as ferns and smaller hostas.</p>

Perennial	<i>Uvularia grandiflora</i>	Big Merrybells	Partial Shade	Mid Spring	18-24"	NO	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	Arching stems with pendulous flowers appear in April. Flower petals and leaves have an interesting slight twist. Native to the Northeastern United States and Midwest.
Perennial	<i>Viola blanda</i>	Sweet White Violet	Partial Shade	Mid Spring	6" x 12"	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	Looking for a native perennial that would thrive in your woods amongst ferns and foam flowers? Is fragrance on your list too? Try this white flowering violet. Sure to colonize as it grows with runners if it is happy. Grows well in wet woods and beside brooks. Great companion with royal ferns, swamp azaleas and sedges. Violets are prime caterpillar host plants for many of the Fritillary butterflies.
Shrub	<i>Cephalanthus occidentalis</i> 'Magical® Moonlight'	Buttonbush	Partial Shade to Shade	Late Spring	6' x 6'	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO	YES	Magical Moonlight is a variety that is more compact than the species. It also produces larger flower heads. Great addition to the small garden for it will attract many pollinators such as hummingbirds and butterflies. Flowers look like round white gulf balls and are fragrant. In the late summer, seeds produced will be snacked on by birds. This is truly a powerhouse shrub. For best results, plant in partial shade in spots that tend to be wet or moist such as edge of pond or in a rain garden.

Shrub	Frangula (Rhamnus) caroliniana	Carolina Buckthorn	Partial Shade to Shade	Summer	16' x 6'	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Carolina buckthorn is a great addition to the woodland garden for it thrives as an understory plant with its shiny leaves. It stands attractively alone or works as a specimen. Many bird species feed on the bright red fruit. By fall, the fruits turn black.</p> <p>In light shade, Carolina buckthorn is airy and tiered, somewhat like the flowering dogwood also found in our woods. Three to four hours per day of sun are necessary. With more sun, the plant tends to get dense and shrubby losing some of its charm. Seedlings are produced in profusion.</p>
Shrub	Hydrangea quercifolia 'JoAnn' Gatsby Pink®	Compact Oakleaf Hydrangea	Partial Shade to Shade	Summer to Fall	8' x 8'	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	YES	<p>The Gatsby Pink® Hydrangea is an oakleaf hydrangea from Proven Winners ColorChoice®. This amazing shrub has extremely white flowers that turn pink later in the summer. The foliage also turns from green during the spring and summer to a dark red in the fall. This is a multi-season shrub: bark interest in winter; lush foliage in spring; dramatic flowers in summer and striking foliage color in fall.</p> <p>Gatsby Pink's flowers are much larger than other oakleaf hydrangeas. This relatively compact plant is great for the smaller yard or where room may be limited.</p>

Shrub	<i>Sarcococca hookeriana</i> var. <i>humilis</i>	Sweet Box	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	18-24" x 24"	NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	<p>All season good looks; a great dooryard plant for good foliage and delightful floral fragrance. Tiny flowers are produced in March-April that, though hardly visible, perfume the air with their sweetness.</p> <p>Prefers a moist, well-drained, acid soil. A good companion plant with <i>rhododendron</i></p>
Shrub	<i>Xanthorrhiza simplicissima</i>	Yellowroot	Partial Shade to Shade	Spring	1-3' x 1-3'	YES	NO	NO	NO	NO	YES	<p>Yellowroot is a fantastic woody groundcover that easily spreads to form a dense carpet. Small purple flowers appear in spring that later produce star-shaped fruits eaten by birds. In the fall, the foliage turns from yellow to a stunning red or purple.</p> <p>Yellowroot tolerates a wide variety of soil types and takes average water. It spreads by root suckers. The roots were used by Native Americans as a dye.</p>