

Plant Type	Common Name	Botanical Name	Exposure	Season of Interest	Size	Description
Perennial	Alleghany Pachysandra	Pachysandra procumbens	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	6-8"	<p>Similar in form to the Japanese pachysandra one sees everywhere, except much more interesting. Leaves are a dull green, sometimes mottled with lighter flecks.</p> <p>Barely noticeable flowers are produced as early as March and perfume the air with their delicate fragrance.</p> <p><i>A wonderful native groundcover.</i></p>
Shrub	American Cranberrybush	Viburnum trilobum 'Wentworth'	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	10-12' x 10-12'	<p>'Wentworth' is an outstanding native deciduous native plant has three seasons of interest. White flat topped flowers, 3-4 1/2" across become clusters of 1/4" berries starting green then changing pink to sparkling red. Fruit is quite delicious. Finally, in autumn, the 3-lobed foliage takes on stunning shades of burgundy.</p> <p>'Wentworth' has an upright habit that makes it useful as a screen or an informal hedge. Plants flower and fruit best in full sun, but tolerate partial shade, and they require evenly moist but well-drained soil.</p>
Shrub	Eastern Wahoo	Euonymus atropurpureus (atropurpurea) var. atropurpureus (atropurpurea)	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	12-24'	<p>This native shrub is also referred to as burning bush with its orange-red fall color and attractive rosy-pink fruit capsules that persist into winter. But don't confuse this plant with the common winged euonymus, Euonymus alatus.</p> <p>This burning bush is very shade tolerant, yet it grows well and becomes an attractive dense specimen in full sun. Can be grown in clump form or pruned up to form an attractive 8-12 foot small tree. Flowers are purple in May to June and then form orange/red fruits in September to October.</p>

Tree	Flowering Dogwood	Cornus florida 'Cherokee Chief'	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	20-25' x 20-25'	<p>Cornus florida is one of our very top natives grown in the northern United States. It has seasonal interest throughout the year. The cultivar 'Cherokee Chief' is often said to be the best red dogwood in the trade. Flower bracts are rich ruby red and new foliage is red-bronze turning to bright crimson in fall.</p> <p>Birds enjoy the glossy berries into December. It is a low branched tree with layered horizontal branching, a unique, handsome structure in the landscape. Mulching is beneficial to maintain a moist, cool soil.</p>
Tree	Franklin Tree	Franklinia alatamaha	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	10-20' x 6-15'	<p>Small native tree or shrub with upright spreading branches. Flowers are 3.5" across, showy, white and fragrant. They appear in late July to August. Handsome fall foliage can be spectacular orange to red to purple. Flowering often continues into fall and is spectacular against the fall colored foliage. Seedpods, which persist on the branches through the winter months are unusually looking, 5-valved capsules.</p> <p>Philadelphia's John Bartram found this tree in 1770 along the banks of the Altamaha River in Georgia and collected a few for his garden. This plant has not been seen in the wild since 1790. It is believed that all plants in commerce today are descendants of those collected by Bartram.</p>
Perennial	Hybrid Stonecrop	Sedum spurium 'John Creech'	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	2" x 6-12"	<p>'John Creech' has small, scalloped green leaves that form a durable, weed smothering groundcover. Small pink flowers create a layer of color over the lush carpet of foliage. Foliage and stems develop deep burgundy tones as cooler temperatures arrive. A fine selection for spotting in rock walls and rock gardens, or containers. It is semi-evergreen.</p> <p>Perfect for your garden as well as containers and rock gardens.</p> <p>'John Creech' has many features: Attracts Butterflies, Easy Care, Extreme Cold Hardiness, Fall Color, Gift Plant, Tolerates Poor Soils, Waterwise, Year-round Interest.</p>

Perennial	Japanese Forest Grass	Hakonechloa macra 'Aureola'	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	12" x 15-20"	<p>One of the few grasses that tolerates shade, Hakonechloa forms a graceful colorful groundcover or specimen plant. Slender stems hold bright yellow foliage with thin forest green stripes having the effect of a tiny bamboo. The arching leaves are further accented in early fall with a red-pink tint.</p> <p>Slow spreading and non-invasive it will do best in partially shaded, moist and rich soil areas.</p>
Perennial	Lady's Mantle	Alchemilla mollis	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	18" x 24"	<p>This low growing perennial is an ideal groundcover or front-of-the-border plant. Decorative, pleated leaves hold dew drops or rain drops on them and sparkle like quicksilver, delighting children of all ages.</p> <p>If that weren't enough, the foliage is topped by clusters of chartreuse flowers in June-July that may be cut and used in fresh or dried arrangements.</p> <p>A moist, well-drained soil is best.</p>
Perennial	Lamb's Ear Betony	Stachys byzantina 'Silver Carpet'	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	4-6" x 9-18"	<p>'Silver Carpet' is a hybrid of the species which is flowerless.</p> <p>It won't seed itself all over the garden and will perform best in a dry, well-drained soil.</p> <p>Leaves are evergreen in warm climates, but will depreciate considerably in harsh winters. This cultivar is perhaps most noted for the fact that it rarely produces flower spikes.</p> <p>Dense rosettes of woolly, tongue-shaped, gray-green leaves (to 4" long) spread by runners.</p>
Perennial	Maidenhair Spleenwort	Asplenium trichomanes	Partial Shade to Shade	Year Round	4-8" x 12"	<p>This small, fragile-looking evergreen native fern is incredibly tough once established. Its diminutive fronds form adorable short tufts of green and appear like miniature versions of our common sword fern. Maidenhair Spleenwort is very cute and once it is established it is even easy to grow in dry shade. Performs well in light, open, dappled, or deep shade.</p> <p>It grows fastest in rich well-drained soil and will flourish in most soil types except those that become water logged. Drought tolerant once established. Prefers rocky conditions and does well planted in the cracks and crevices of a rock wall.</p>

Tree	Mountain Gordlinia	X Gordlinia grandiflora	Full Sun	Year Round	30' x 15'	<p>An absolute must-have for every fine garden, this new bigeneric hybrid combines the best traits of our treasured <i>Franklinia alatamaha</i> (now believed extinct in the wild) with those of <i>Gordonia lasianthus</i>, the beloved Loblolly Bay.</p> <p>Mountain Gordlinia is a small, beautifully shaped evergreen tree with large, semi-cupped 3-4" white blooms, rich orange and red fall foliage, vigorous growth, and irresistible appeal. It is more cold-hardy, longer-lived, and disease-resistant than its parents.</p> <p>Introduced by Dr. Tom Ranney of North Carolina State University, Mountain Gordlinia is certain to become a prized specimen in the best gardens. Give it full sunshine and good soil drainage. USDA Hardiness Zones 6-9.</p>
Evergreen	Mountain Laurel	<i>Kalmia latifolia</i> 'Bullseye'	Partial Shade to Shade	Year Round	6-10'	<p>The deep purplish cinnamon colored buds open to a creamy blossom, in May-June, with a broad purple band around the inside with a white throat and edge. The new growth is reddish bronze.</p> <p>The mountain laurels are excellent broadleaf evergreens for the shady border. It is a native shrub, which can be naturalized in a wooded setting and requires acidic, moist well-drained soil.</p>
Perennial	Nuttall's Rayless Goldenrod	<i>Bigelovia nuttallii</i>	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	3-8" x 5"	<p><i>Bigelovia nuttallii</i> forms tiny tufts of fine green foliage like a miniature blue star. Most of the leaves are growing near the ground, with smaller and narrower leaves on the stems. From mid-summer through autumn, soft clusters of bright yellow flowers - very attractive to honeybees - float over small tufts of soft green, thread-like foliage.</p> <p>This tough evergreen plant is well adapted to sunny, dry, and exposed areas. A North American native perennial, it can be found in very scattered areas from central Georgia west to East Texas in wet acidic savannahs and seeps, and exposed, dry sandy sites.</p>
Perennial	Partridge Berry	<i>Mitchella repens</i>	Part to Full Shade	Year Round	1-2"	<p>Our native partridgeberry forms a wonderful groundcover in the woodland garden. In the winter the leaves of this evergreen plant provide a perfect setting for the small red berries. Pairs of small white flowers are fragrant and bloom in spring to early summer.</p> <p>Prefers moist, shady soil.</p>

Shrub	Redosier Dogwood	Cornus sericea (stolonifera) 'Arctic Fire'	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	4-5' x 4-5'	<p>Arctic Fire® dogwood has beautiful red stems and a compact habit and is at its best in the winter sunlight. This dwarf variety reaches just 3-5' feet rather than the 8-10' of conventional red-twig dogwood.</p> <p>Bright red stems in winter add color to the landscape. The best red color appears on one and two year old stems; older stems will turn corky and brown.</p> <p>Its smaller size makes this variety a great breakthrough for smaller gardens or residential landscapes. Tolerates a wide range of soil and light conditions. Native to North America.</p> <p>Synonymous with and formerly known as Cornus stolonifera.</p>
Shrub	Summersweet Clethra	Clethra alnifolia 'Ruby Spice'	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	6-8'	<p>'Ruby Spice' clethra is an oval, round-topped, erect, dense shrub, often suckering to form dense colonies. Fragrant pink flowers are borne in 2-6" long clusters on the tips of branches in July and August. Lustrous medium to deep green leaves turn pale yellow to rich golden brown in fall.</p> <p>Certainly one of the best native shrubs for summer color and fragrance. Prefers a moist, acid soil that has been supplemented with organic matter; grows naturally in wet places. Tolerant of salty conditions.</p>
Shrub	Vernal Witchhazel	Hamamelis vernalis 'KLMNN' Grape Fizz™	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	4-5' x 4-5'	<p>Grape Fizz™ Witch hazel is an introduction by Roy Kienm. The ribbon-like winter flowers, February-March, are uniquely reddish purple and fragrant. They are borne on bare branches and provide important food to winter pollinators on warm days. The foliage is green, turning to shades of orange and yellow in fall.</p> <p>Hamamelis vernalis Grape Fizz™ has a bushy habit and grows 4 to 5 ft. tall and wide.</p> <p>Easily grown in average, medium moisture, well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. Best flowering is in full sun. Prefers moist, acidic, organically rich soils.</p>

Tree	Willow Oak	Quercus phellos	Full Sun	Year Round	40-75' x 25-50'	<p>Willow Oak is a medium to large oak with willow like foliage known for its rapid growth and long life. The foliage begins as a light/bright green, darkens in summer, and turns shades of yellow bronze-orange, yellow-brown and russet-red in the fall.</p> <p>Easily grown in average, medium to wet soils. Prefers moist well-drained loams, but adapts to a wide range of soils including clays with somewhat poor drainage. Tolerant of urban pollution.</p> <p>Willow oak is a favored shade tree and the acorns provide food for a wide range of wildlife. The wood is desirable to the lumber industry.</p>
Perennial	Woods Spurge	Euphorbia amygdaloides var. robbiae	Sun to Partial Shade	Year Round	15"	<p>One of the finest euphorbias, this black-green euphorbia more closely resembles a forest of dwarf pittosporum. The slightly stoloniferous nature of Robb's euphorbia makes it a dynamite choice for an evergreen groundcover in a difficult and very shady site.</p> <p>In loose, well-drained organic soils, the spread will be much swifter. In very early spring, the chartreuse flowers unfurl in dramatic fashion, presenting 18" tall stalks of unique flowers that last for months... a real winner!</p>