

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
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Woody: Vine	Campsis radicans	Trumpet Vine	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	30' x 5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Trumpet vine is a hummingbird magnet with showy clusters of large orange red trumpet shaped flowers that often bloom from late June through August. Flowers are followed by 3-5" seedpods. This large, vigorous vine needs a strong support and lots of room. It self-clinging and can provide quick cover for walls, fences and arbors or can climb large trees in natural areas. Thrives in hot, dry sites in full sun. Prune aggressively in late winter or early to keep within bounds.

Woody: Vine	Clematis virginiana	Virgin's Bower	Summer to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	12-15' x 3-6'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Clematis virginiana is a native plant whose elegance comes from mixing toughness and beauty. Fast-growing and trouble-free, without all the baggage, dogma and fuss of the mass-market Clematis. Small white 4-petaled flowers are sweetly fragrant and in massive profusion in high summer, just when your garden needs a shot of love. Perfect for climbing structures, arbors, chain-link fences, etc. This one will root where it makes good soil contact, but can be kept in place with a little old-fashioned trick called gardening. Thrives in average soils, and can tolerate considerable moisture but doesn't need it once established.

Woody: Vine	Lonicera sempervirens 'Magnifica'	Trumpet Honeysuckle	Spring to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	15-25'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Lonicera 'Magnifica' is a native semi-evergreen vine. It grows rapidly by twining but is not invasive. Leaves are blue-green in pairs which unite at the ends of stems. Flowers are trumpet shaped with scarlet on the outside and yellow on the inside. Hummingbirds love the flowers and other birds enjoy the black to red berries. Prefers moist soil but is drought tolerant. It is one of the hardiest honeysuckle vines.

Woody: Vine	Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Virginia Creeper	Spring to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	30-50'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Virginia creeper is a fast growing woody deciduous vine native to eastern US down to Florida. Leaves are dark green with new growth, bronze. Purple to red fall color develops early. The flowers are small and greenish, produced in clusters in late spring, and mature in late summer or early fall into small hard purplish-black berries. These berries contain oxalic acid, which is only moderately toxic to humans and other mammals but provide an important winter food source for birds. Can be used as a climbing vine or ground cover. Also can use as a shading vine on buildings/masonry walls; it adheres to the surface by disks rather than penetrating roots, and will not harm the masonry. Tolerant of most all soil and moisture conditions.

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Woody: Tree-Ornamental	<i>Cercis canadensis</i> 'Merlot'	Eastern Redbud	Spring to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	10-12' x 12'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Early small bright pink flowers cover the branches of redbud trees before the foliage emerges, creating a dramatic display that lasts for 2 - 3 weeks. The small heart-shaped leaves of 'Merlot' are wine red and hold their color through the season with no summer heat stress. Reaching only 10 to 12 feet tall, 'Merlot' is a perfect candidate for smaller gardens. It features an upright, dense, vase-shaped habit. The early spring flowers are enjoyed by hummingbirds. It is important to note that 'Merlot' is more tolerant of heat and drought conditions. Performs best in well-drained soils in sun or partial shade. Best flowering occurs in full sun.</p>											
Woody: Tree-Ornamental	<i>Ptelea trifoliata</i>	Hop Tree	Spring to Winter	Partial Shade to Shade	15-20' x 15-20'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This lovely tree is a dense, rounded, deciduous shrub or small tree found in open woods, glades, ravines, thickets and prairies. The leaves are shiny, dark green in summer, turning yellow in the fall. Terminal clusters of tiny white flowers appear in late spring. While the flowers are not particularly showy, they give way to attractive pendulous seed clusters. Each seed is encased in a thin, winged, 1-inch disc that matures to brown in late summer and persist through most of the winter. Hop tree is easily grown in average, dry to medium, well-drained soils in part shade to full shade. It tolerates full sun and is adaptable to wide range of growing condition</p>											
Woody: Tree-Canopy/ Shade	<i>Quercus prinus</i>	Chestnut Oak	Year Round	Full Sun	60' x 60'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>The Chestnut Oak tree is a medium-sized, native, deciduous tree. It is a long-lived and slow-growing rugged tree. The characteristic bark is dark and very rough. On older trees bark typically is broken into long, V-shaped ridges that are separated by deep furrows. The acorns are an important source of food for various forms of wildlife. The acorns are large, but do not appear until the tree is around 20 years old. The leaf undersides are medium green, rather than white. Autumn color is chartreuse to yellow-brown, but the canopy is cleaned of leaves by late autumn.</p>											
Woody: Shrub	<i>Aralia spinosa</i>	Devil's Walking Stick	Late Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	15-20'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p><i>Aralia spinosa</i> is a native plant that typically grows as a large, upright, suckering shrub. It can also be grown as a flat-topped small tree, reaching about 35' tall. It is crowned by umbrella-like canopies of large compound foliage, giving it a striking tropical effect. In late summer it is topped by large clusters of frothy white flowers which are followed by fleshy black fruit. Native to the eastern U. S., it is commonly found in woodland margins, fields, or along streams. It is often called devil's walking stick due to the sharp spines on both the stems and leaves. It is highly deer resistant and can be valuable as part of a perimeter barrier. Pollinators and butterflies nectar on the blossoms and songbirds and wildlife relish the fruit. A very adaptable plant, it will grow in full sun to partial shade, tolerates both dry and occasional wet conditions, and a variety of soil types.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Woody: Shrub	Chaenomeles lagenaria (speciosa) 'Pink Storm' Double Take™	Flowering Quince	Spring	Sun to Partial Shade	4-5' x 4-5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Pink Storm is a medium-sized multi-stemmed shrub. Large, salmon or coral colored, double flowers appear in early spring before the leaves appear. It is fruitless and thornless and often rebloom in fall for some surprising color late in the season. It will bloom best in full sun though will tolerate some partial shade. Prune as needed to remove dead or broken branches and improve shape in the spring after flowering. This stimulates the growth of flowering spurs for the following year. Promptly remove any root suckers to control unwanted spread. Pink Storm withstands a range of soil types including heavy clay but prefers well-drained loams. It is drought tolerant once established.

Woody: Shrub	Corylus americana	American Filbert	Spring to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	8' x 6'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Leaves of American Filbert are rough to the touch, raspy golden green in summer, followed by lush russet reds, orange and yellow in fall. Flowers are intriguing catkins (like birch). Female flowers develop into a small cluster of nuts enclosed by two protective bracts that turn brown when the nuts are ripe. Nuts are 1/2 inch in size. When a few are planted, count on hazelnuts for harvest. Able to thrive in a wide range of conditions, this native shrub is a good choice for hedgerow or windbreak.

Woody: Shrub	Euonymus americanus	Hearts-A-Burstin	Year Round	Partial Shade	6-9'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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This airy, deciduous shrub has ridged twigs that become purplish when exposed to the sun. Pale green flowers with purple stamens appear in spring and have five, distinct, clawed petals. Bright green, oval leaves become dark red in fall when bright pink to purple fruit "husks" open to reveal orange-red seeds. This dramatic husk-and-seed display is responsible for the "hearts-a-burstin" common name. A loose, suckering, sprawling shrub, it is best used in natural settings, in the shade of larger shrubs and trees. Large specimens can have hundreds of "bursting" red capsules. In the winter, the bright green twigs are also attractive. Tolerates poor drainage, moderate droughts, and alkaline terrain.

Woody: Shrub	Hydrangea arborescens 'Haas' Halo'	Smooth Hydrangea	Summer to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	3-5' x 3-5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Deep, blueish-green, leathery foliage and 14" pure white wide lace cap blooms make for a stunning combination in any setting. This beautiful native selection stands tall and never flops, even with its massive blooms. It's an upright, yet bushy plant that will stop anyone walking past with its truly incredible blooms and stout and sturdy stature. It is a favorite of bees and butterflies! 'Haas' Halo' is one smooth hydrangea that will not wilt on the first dry day of summer. It can handle massive droughts and a long, hot summer full of heat and humidity. It is beautiful planted as a specimen and lovely en masse along a woodland edge. This fantastic, strong new selection would prefer morning sun, but if it's got enough water, it can handle anything you give it.

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Woody: Shrub	Lindera benzoin	Spicebush	Spring to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	6-12' x 6-12'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>A deciduous shrub native to the Northeast, Spicebush is good for naturalizing or for the garden border. Greenish-yellow flowers wake up the spring landscape in April. Small red fruits, on the female plant, are especially enjoyed by birds in the Fall. Female plants need a male pollinator in order to set fruit, however. Fall color is a good clear yellow, especially when grown in full sun. Stems, fruit and leaves emit a fragrance similar to "Old Spice" when bruised. The larva (caterpillar) of the spicebush swallowtail butterfly feeds on the leaves of this shrub. Lindera is named for the Swedish botanist, Johann Lindler. Prefers a moist, acid, well-drained soil. Tolerates dense shade and clay soils.</p>											
Woody: Shrub	Morella (Myrica) pensylvanica	Bayberry	Year Round	Sun to Partial Shade	6-10' x 6-10'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Morella (Myrica) pensylvanica is a handsome, aromatic, native shrub that is attractive in the landscape all year long. Berries on female plants provide the fragrance for bayberry candles. This is a useful shrub for massing in borders, erosion control for highway plantings and for areas where poor soil is a problem. Prefers a sandy, acidic soil, but is adaptive to a wide range of soil pH; tolerates wind and salt spray.</p>											
Woody: Shrub	Rhus aromatica	Fragrant Sumac	Spring to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	2-6'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Fragrant Sumac is a dense, spreading, low shrub. It spreads by root suckers and forms thickets. Small yellow flowers appear in early spring and small, fuzzy red berries appear in late summer. In fall the green foliage turns beautiful shades of orange, red, and reddish purple. The foliage is lemon scented. Fragrant sumac is an excellent option for stabilizing banks and slopes, preventing soil erosion. The berries are eaten by birds. The spring azure and red-banded harisreak use this plant as a larval food source. Best grown in full sun to partial shade in moist to dry well-drained soil. Tolerant of drought as well as clay soils.</p>											
Woody: Shrub	Rhus copallina 'Lanham's Purple'	Flameleaf Sumac	Spring to Fall	Full Sun	10' x 10'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Lanham's Purple' Sumac is a mid sized selection with lustrous purple new growth in spring and early summer. By mid summer the color has matured to burgundy-green, and the fall color is a striking combination of purple, red, orange and yellow. It is very tolerant of poor dry sites, and colonizes banks, hillsides and rocky areas well with its suckering habit. It is native, black walnut and salt tolerant, and deer resistant. It attracts butterflies and other pollinators and is a good food source for wildlife.</p>											
Woody: Shrub	Rosa carolina	Rose	Summer & Winter	Sun to Partial Shade	3-6'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Rosa carolina is a native North American rose is excellent for naturalizing. In the wild, it grows in low wet areas along swamps or streams. It has a lovely pink flower in the summer and red fruits that persist through the winter. Mulch can be applied to help retain moisture and keep the roots cool. Pruning can be done in late winter to early spring. Good air circulation will help support the natural disease resistance of this species.</p>											

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Woody: Shrub	Viburnum prunifolium	Blackhaw Viburnum	Spring to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	15-30'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Blackhaw is usually grown as a large, upright, multi-stemmed, deciduous shrub with an irregular crown, but also may be grown as a small, single trunk tree. As a shrub, it typically grows 12-15' tall with a spread of 6-12', but as a tree may reach a height of 30'. This native plant has white flowers in flat-topped cymes appearing in spring. Flowers give way in autumn to blue-black, berry-like drupes which often persist into winter and are quite attractive to birds and wildlife. Ovate, finely toothed, glossy dark green leaves (to 4" long) turn attractive shades of red and purple in fall. Fruits are edible and may be eaten off the bush when ripe or used in jams and preserves.</p>											
Woody: Evergreen	Buxus microphylla var. japonica 'Unraveled'	Weeping Japanese Boxwood	Year Round	Partial Shade to Shade	4' x 7'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Boxwoods are used often for their formality in symmetrical foundation plantings. 'Unraveled' takes an abrupt departure from its buttoned-down relatives. Instead of forming an upright oval, it arches and cascades down for an elegant but very different effect. Unlike the old selections of weeping boxwoods which are irregular with drooping tips, 'Unraveled' is a true weeping plant. Specimens can be staked with a central leader and allowed to form a small, weeping tree or allowed to grow as they will forming a spreading shrub 4' tall by about 7' wide. It can also be used to give a softer, less formal appearance in the landscape. Boxwoods are often placed in full sun situations but are actually quite happy growing in shade, even in hard-to-landscape dry shady spots.</p>											
Woody: Evergreen	Cedrus atlantica 'Sahara Ice'	Variegated Atlas Cedar	Year Round	Full Sun	20-30'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>The stunning spring foliage of Cedrus atlantica 'Sahara Ice' emerges with sparkling white needles that transition to grey, contrasting with the older blue foliage. The variegated foliage does not burn in full sun. Native to the Atlas Mountains in northern Africa, Atlas cedars are majestic specimens when mature. When young, it has an open pyramidal habit, becoming more flat-topped with age. Requires full sun. Grows best in well-drained soil and is drought tolerant once established.</p>											
Woody: Evergreen	Cedrus deodara	Deodar Cedar	Year Round	Full Sun	40-50' x 30-40'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Cedrus deodara is a beautiful broadly pyramidal evergreen with horizontal branches that droop gracefully at the tips. Dark gray-ish green needles appear in clusters. This medium tree typically reaches 40-50' in its first 25 years. Large barrel-shaped female cones are held upright on the branches. Deodar cedar is beautiful when used as an elegant specimen tree in the landscape. Requires full sun. Best grown moist, but well-drained soil. Drought tolerant once established. Tolerant of hot and humid summers.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Woody: Evergreen	Juniperus communis	Common Juniper	Mid Spring	Full Sun	1-15'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Juniperus communis is a needled, evergreen conifer that grows in cool to cold areas of the Northern Hemisphere plus in one in the Atlas Mountains of Africa. It is the most widespread conifer growing in the world today. Growth habit and form in part depend upon such factors as geographic location and temperature. In the U.S., common juniper is most frequently seen as a multi-stemmed shrub (5-15' tall), but can be a low-growing, spreading plant (9-12"). Prickly, green, needle-like juvenile leaves grow in whorls of three. Exfoliating bark is often an attractive reddish-brown. Male and female cones are produced on separate plants. Tolerates a wide range of soils, moisture and temperature!</p>											
Woody: Edible	Lycium barbarum 'Phoenix Tears'	Goji Berry	Summer	Full Sun	4-10' x 5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Lycium barbarum 'Phoenix Tears' produces sweet and nutritious berries that can be eaten fresh, juiced or dried like raisins. The berries are a popular medicinal herb. Among the highest in protein and anti-oxidants, they contain all the essential amino acids and many minerals. Even the cooked leaves are edible! Grow this attractive plant on a trellis to more than 10' tall or trim it as a bush at 4-6' tall. Light purple, bell-shaped flowers bloom in May and continue throughout the summer. The third year and thereafter, flowers are followed by orange-red berries in mid to late summer. Phoenix Tears is self-fertile, drought resistant, and likes a half to full day of sun and well-drained soil. It prefers warm summer days and cool nights, and neutral or somewhat alkaline soil.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Achillea filipendulina 'Coronation Gold'	Fernleaf Yarrow	Summer	Full Sun	36" x 24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>This selection has excellent grey-green, scented, fernlike foliage. 3' tall stems hold large flat heads of deep golden yellow for four weeks of bloom. Wonderful as cut flowers, in fresh or dried arrangements. Deadhead spent blossoms. Plant in full sun in well drained soil, divide in spring or fall every four or five years. This sterile selection will not crowd out other plants. It tolerates heat, wind and drought.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Achillea millefolium 'Oertel's Rose'	Yarrow	Summer	Full Sun	12-36"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Valuable drought resistant perennial. Delicate, fern-like leaves are heavily aromatic. Grey tinted foliage lends an overall airy effect to the plants that spread like groundcover. Early summer blooms in potent magenta pink are borne on stiff 2 foot stalks. Flowers retain color when dried. Essential plant for drought resistant color. Suited to borders, rock gardens, herb gardens and containers. Tolerant of heat and drought. Herbaceous perennial that prefers full sun. Moderate to fast growth to about 12 inches, with a total height of 2 to 3 feet when in bloom.</p>											

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Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Achillea millefolium 'Pomegranate'	Yarrow	Summer to Fall	Full Sun	18" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Pomegranate' is an upright yarrow that is noted for its bright magenta flowers, ferny aromatic foliage, compact size and vigorous growing habit. Yarrow is best grown in lean, dry to medium, well-drained to sandy soils in in full sun. Drainage must be good. Plants will tolerate hot, humid summers and drought. Consider cutting back plant stems in late spring before flowering to reduce overall plant height. Deadhead after bloom period to encourage more blooms and divide clumps as needed.Plants spread aggressively by rhizomes and self-seeding, and can naturalize into substantial colonies if left unchecked. Great in a container for blooms all summer!</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Achillea millefolium 'Terra Cotta'	Yarrow	Summer	Full Sun	2-3' x 2'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Yarrows are among the best perennials for planting in hot, dry and sunny locations, providing good color throughout the summer months. This hybrid features salmon-pink flowers that age to rusty terracotta orange, then creamy yellow.Delicate, fern-like leaves produce an airy effect and are fragrant when crushed. Tiny flowers are densely packed in large, flat-topped, terminal flower clusters 2-4" across. Excellent as cut flowers, fresh or dried. Remove spent flowers regularly to promote continued blooming. Easily divided in fall or early spring. Easily grown in average, dry to medium, well-drained soil in full sun. Tolerant of heat and humidity, but flower color may fade in extended, hot summer weather. Drought tolerant once established. Tends to spread quickly; divide when overcrowded.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Alchemilla erythropoda	Dwarf Lady's Mantle	Spring to Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	.5' x 2'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>This charming dwarf lady's mantle sprouts gray-green serrated foliage and zesty citron-yellow flower clusters that turn reddish once they're done. Chartreuse colored flowers will appear in late spring in to early summer. Towards mid summer, leaves may need refreshing. Just sheer them back and a new flush of leaves will appear.Plant as a ground cover in rock gardens, dish gardens or that tough hell strip. Plant with sedums, dwarf irises and hardy geraniums.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Allium 'Millenium'	Ornamental Onion	Mid Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	6-18" x 6-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Each 'Millenium' bulb typically produces an upright foliage clump of slender, somewhat flattened, broad linear, grass-like, glossy deep green leaves to 6-12" tall in spring. Unbranched naked scapes rise above the foliage clump to as much as 18-20" tall by mid-summer, each scape topped by a showy 2" ball of rose purple florets. Flowers typically bloom July-August. Although all parts of this plant have an oniony smell and taste when cut or bruised, this hybrid is considered to be an ornamental and is not used for culinary purposes.Allium is easily grown in average, dry to medium moisture, well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. Best in full sun, but appreciates some light afternoon shade in hot summer climates. Tolerates a wide range of soils and performs well in sandy soils.</p>											

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Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Allium stellatum	Prairie Onion	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	12-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>The dainty clusters of small flowers of Allium stellatum provide welcome points of pink, white or lavender color lasting from July to August. The narrow green leaves often die back by the time of flowering. Plants will naturalize by self-seeding and bulb offsets in optimum conditions. The flowers are pollinated by small native bees. Native to the prairies of the midwest, this is a tough plant that thrives in open dry sandy soils and rocky sites, but is also happy in average garden soil. It does not compete well with larger, more vigorous perennials; plant it with other low growing companions for long term success. Best bloom production occurs in full sun.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Amsonia hubrichtii	Bluestar	Early Summer	Partial Shade	28"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This uncommon species features very finely textured foliage that just begs to be touched. Unusual steel-blue flowers bloom in June. The show really heats up with the incredible fall color as the leaves change to a striking fire yellow orange. This native plant is an excellent low maintenance perennial for moist, fertile soils.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Anemone x hybrida 'Whirlwind'	Hybrid Anemone	Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	4' x 4'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Anemone x hybrida 'Whirlwind' is a graceful plant with pure white semi-double satiny flowers held on 3-4' stems above basal toothed green leaves. It is a long lived clumping perennial that spreads by rhizomes to four feet or more. Use in the woodland garden to follow early spring bulbs and summer's waning blossoms, or in the perennial garden with asters, monkshood and other fall bloomers. Prefers rich, loose well drained soil. Protect from wind.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Asclepias incarnata 'Ice Ballet'	Swamp Milkweed	Summer	Full Sun	38-42"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This white flowered selection of our native swamp milkweed is long lasting and of easy cultivation. Clusters of white flowers are followed by the distinctive milkweed pod. Will do well in any good soil, but especially a moist one. Like it's cousin, the butterfly weed, it is a great butterfly plant.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Asparagus officinalis 'Jersey Giant'	Asparagus	Spring to Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	4-5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Jersey Giant was developed as a disease resistant-extremely cold hardy variety in 1985. Spears are ½+ in. in diameter, very tender and full of flavor. A super-prolific, all-male hybrid that produces almost twice the number of spears as traditional varieties. Extra-large spears are extremely tender with a rich, full flavor. Vigorous, adaptable and disease resistant. Start harvesting the second year after planting. Tolerant to rust, Fusarium, other foliar diseases and crown rot. To make an asparagus bed, dig trenches 15-18 inches deep and 18 inches wide, allowing 4 feet between trenches. Asparagus grows best in full sun (at least six hours of direct sunlight daily) and well-drained, sandy soil.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Baptisia 'Ivory Towers'	False Indigo	Late Spring	Sun to Partial Shade	48" x 24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>The tall stems of Baptisia 'Ivory Towers' emerge dark purple but slowly fade as they elongate. They are topped in late May with spires of beautiful pure white flowers that last for 3 weeks. The large, blocky fruit pods that follow persist through the winter. The plant habit is upright and vase-shaped with blue-green trifoliage foliage.'Ivory Towers' received very high ratings in the Mt. Cuba Center's Baptisia trial.Easily grown in average, dry to medium soil in full sun or partial shade. Plants develop a large taproot and are best left undisturbed once established. Foliage may be cut back after flowering to form compact, bushy plants that do not require staking. Plants usually take 3 years to establish.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Baptisia sphaerocarpa	False Yellow Indigo	Spring	Sun	2-3' x 3'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>False Yellow Indigo is one of those indispensable long-lived plants like peonies and Gas Plant (Dictamnus). It has dark blue-green clover like leaves and pure yellow pea-like flowers on 12-15" spires. Later it develops curious spherical tan seed pods which extend the season of interest. A mature plant is an impressive sight. It is one of our tolerant natives but prefers rich well-drained soil, place it carefully as it is best left undisturbed.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Calamintha nepeta ssp. nepeta	Calamint	Fall	Sun	18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Soft green leaves, with a minty fragrance, are attractive all summer long. In August, clouds of tiny flowers of lavender and white clothe the wiry stems. A great plant for a dooryard garden, herb garden or the front of the border. Flowers are attractive to bees and other insect pollinators. Does well in any well-drained sunny location and does not mind heat and drought conditions.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Dalea purpurea	Purple Prairie Clover	Summer	Full Sun	12-36" x 12-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Dalea purpurea is a native Missouri prairie clover which occurs in glades, rocky open woods and prairies throughout the State except for the far southeastern counties. Features tiny purple flowers in dense, cone-like heads (to 2" long) atop erect, wiry stems in summer. Compound, odd-pinnate leaves, with 3-5 narrow linear leaflets. A nitrogen-fixing plant that is an important component of Midwestern prairie restorations. This plant is not picky when it comes to the soil characteristics, as long as the site is well-drained. Thick and deep taproot enables this plant to tolerate drought well. May self-seed in optimum growing conditions.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Delosperma cooperi	Ice Plant	Summer	Full Sun	2 "	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>A ground hugging plant with succulent, boney-like leaves on sprawling stems. Two inch rose-pink flowers highlight the interesting texture of the foliage.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Digitalis grandiflora</i> (ambigua)	Yellow Foxglove	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	12-30"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Yellow Foxglove has soft 1-2" yellow tubular flowers appearing in June and, if cut back after the initial show, they will flower again in September. The soft, lush foliage is only 12-18" tall but the flower spikes will grow to 3 feet. The 5-10" long, deep green leaves are lance-shaped with fine teeth. Foxgloves are of easy culture and make excellent cut flowers if picked when the blooms are half open. But their real strength is as dramatic and richly colored vertical accents, a look that is impossible to duplicate with another genus. Yellow foxglove is easy to grow in almost any type of soil except for very wet or very dry, although it prefers moist, well-drained, fertile soil. Once established it is relatively drought tolerant.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Echinacea</i> 'TNECHKIO' Kismet ® Intense Orange	Coneflower	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	15-24" x 18-24"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p><i>Echinacea</i> Kismet Intense Orange is a compact coneflower with show-stopping bright orange flowers that can reach up to 4" in diameter. The densely branched habit provides a neat appearance in the garden. This easy to grow, deer tolerant plant blooms from June - August. The flowers attract butterflies and pollinators and the seed heads provide food for birds. The showy flowers can be cut for floral arrangements. Easily grown in average, dry to medium moisture, well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. Best in full sun. Adaptable and tolerant of drought, heat, humidity, and poor soil. Divide clumps when they become overcrowded.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Echinacea tennesseensis</i> 'Rocky Top'	Tennessee Coneflower	Spring to Fall	Full Sun	2-3'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p><i>Echinacea</i> 'Rocky Top' is from a cross with the native and endangered species <i>Echinacea tennesseensis</i>. Many flat-topped rose-pink flowers with black cones bloom from June till frost. The flowers last well cut or dried, and birds are attracted to the seeds and butterflies to the blooms. The plant is compact and vigorous. Does well in average soils, deadhead for continued bloom.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Epimedium grandiflorum</i> 'Orange Queen'	Barrenwort	Spring	Partial Shade to Shade	20"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Flowers in the spring with a subdued Orange-copper tone. Attractive foliage all year long. Great for specimen woodland gardens.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Epimedium</i> spp. nova 'Spine Tingler'	Spine Tingler Fairy Wings	Spring to Fall	Partial Shade to Shade	8-10" x 18-24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Spine Tingler' is aptly named for its dark green leaves that have spiny margins. Soft yellow flowers bloom on compact plants in mid to late spring. Unlike other <i>Epimedium</i> that send flowers first, followed by foliage, 'Spine Tingler' sends flowers and foliage up at the same time. Use as a ground cover or accent plant. <i>Epimedium</i> are one of the few plants capable of surviving in dry shade. Although slow to establish, mature plants will not be missed in the landscape, particularly when in flower. These plants are appreciated for their durability and critter resistance, but loved for the long sprays of jester hat-like flowers in spring.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Epimedium x rubrum	Red Alpine Barrenwort	May-June	Partial Shade	10-12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Epimedium x rubrum is a carpeting perennial with dense heart-shaped, divided leaves on wiry stems. Flowers have a white corolla and yellow spurs. Leaves of this selection are darkly tinted in spring and fall. Epimediums need partial shade to shade and moist, rich soil and compete well with tree roots.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Epimedium x 'Songbirds'	Song Birds Fairy Wings	Spring to Fall	Partial Shade to Shade	16x18" x 26-30"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Epimedium 'Songbirds' is one of the most floriferous Epimedium selections out there, according to the hybridizer, Tony Avent. Golden yellow flowers have small rose sepals. Its deep green lance-shaped leaves have some spotting, are bronzy-pink in spring, green in summer and bronze in fall. 'Songbirds' flowers later than other offerings and has a long blooming time. Use as a ground cover or accent plant. Epimedium are one of the few plants capable of surviving in dry shade. Although slow to establish, mature plants will not be missed in the landscape, particularly when in flower. These plants are appreciated for their durability and critter resistance, but loved for the long sprays of jester hat-like flowers in spring.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Erigeron pulchellus var. pulchellus 'Lynnhaven Carpet'	Robin's Plantain	Late Spring	Partial Shade to Shade	12-15"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This outstanding form of E. pulchellus has evergreen, ground-hugging, fuzzy, grey-green leaves that form a thick mat, topped in late spring with a profusion of very pale lavender daisies on 1 foot tall stalks... a butterfly favorite. Erigeron pulchellus is very drought and deer tolerant in dry shade... a condition that many other plants find objectionable. An easy to grow, carefree native perennial perfectly suited for moderate sunlight to full shade.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Euphorbia amygdaloides 'Purpurea'	Woods Spurge	Late Spring	Partial Shade to Shade	12-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Blooming in late spring and early summer, Euphorbia amygdaloides 'Purpurea' features bright lime green flowers that dramatically contrast with the dark evergreen foliage. A good plant to use as a groundcover in dry shade. It spreads by rhizomes and can be overly vigorous in optimum conditions. Wood spurge grows in dry or moist soils, but requires good drainage. Cut back flowering shoots to ground level immediately after flowering to prevent self-seeding. Use caution as milky sap can cause skin irritation.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Euphorbia x martinii 'Ascot Rainbow'	Hybrid Spurge	Spring to Summer	Full Sun	20" x 20"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>If you looking for a plant for foliage interest as well as floral interest, look no further. 'Ascot Rainbow' spurge has tricolored foliage and flowers -- shades of pink, green and pink. In cooler temperatures, the colors will be more intense. Preferring well draining soil and some space, this spurge will be at home in a dry, sunny bed. Try it in containers. Plant with dark purple leaved plants like purple smoke bush or 'Diablo' nine-bark.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Eurybia (Aster) divaricata</i> (divaricatus) 'Eastern Star'	White Wood Aster	Early Fall	Partial Shade to Shade	12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Wood asters are one of those wonderful native plants found along deciduous woodland edges and roadsides in most of North America. The selection 'Eastern Star' was observed and collected from coastal Rhode Island. It has good green foliage all summer, grows shorter than the species and has deep dark shining mahogany stems that are topped by sprays of tiny white daisies.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Eurybia (Aster) macrophylla</i> (macrophyllus)	Big Leaf Aster	Early Fall	Partial Shade to Shade	2-3'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Our native <i>Eurybia macrophylla</i> is a woodland shade plant that produces clusters of violet daisy-like flowers with yellow centers in fall. The large heart-shaped leaves create a dense carpet. Big leaf aster spreads by underground stolons and is very drought tolerant, making it a valuable groundcover for shade or woodland gardens. It is an important late season nectar source for butterflies and pollinators as well as a larval food source for several butterflies and moths. Best grown in well-drained soils in part shade. Moisture in the beginning of the growing season is important, but dry summer environments are easily tolerated. Will grow in full shade, but flowering is best in part shade.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Gaillardia aristata</i> 'Arizona Red Shades'	Blanket Flower	Summer	Full Sun	12" x 12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Arizona Red Shades' Blanket Flower gives gardeners a dwarf, well branched perennial plant that thrives in dry heat. Because of the compact habit of this Blanket Flower, it is perfect for growing in pots. The gorgeous flowers have brick red petals and a darker burgundy cone and keep coming all summer. Once established, the plants perform best with only occasional deep watering. We recommend this variety as an outstanding, easy-to-grow choice for your hottest, sunniest garden spots. Tolerates all soil types but heavy clay.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Geranium maculatum</i> 'Huggy Bear'	Spotted Geranium	Late Spring	Sun to Partial Shade	12-24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Huggy Bear' is a new variety of our native woodland geranium. It features violet pink flowers bloom in late May early June that contrast beautifully with its unique chocolate red foliage. It is part of the local plantsman David Culp's Brandywine Cottage Collection. The species is a common woodland native throughout the East Coast. It is very attractive to pollinators, including solitary bees, bumblebees, as well as several species of butterflies. Prefers partial shade, but will grow happily in sun if the soils is consistently moist. In shade it is drought tolerant. Spreads readily via seeds and rhizomes.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Geum triflorum</i>	Purple Avens	Mid Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	15" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Purple avens produces charming, nodding pink flowers in the spring. These are followed by flowing silky seedheads that create a gauzy effect that resembles smoke hovering close to the ground, hence its other common name, Prairie Smoke. Spreading slowly from its roots, Prairie Smoke can be used as a small-scale groundcover. Grows easily in lean-to-average fertility garden soils.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Helianthus divaricatus	Woodland Sunflower	Summer	Partial Shade	3-5'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

The large, yellow daisy-like flowers of this native sunflower begin blooming in early summer and continue through early fall. The tall plants, 3 to 5 feet, create a dramatic presence in shady gardens or along woodland edges. The plant spreads via rhizomes and will expand over time. Native to eastern and central North America and considered a high value wildlife plant, supporting native bees, butterfly adults and larvae, and birds. Woodland Sunflower is easy to grow in average well-drained soil and is tolerant of a wide range of soils. Drought tolerant once established.

Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Heuchera americana	American Alumroot	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	12-24" x 12-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Alumroot (aka Coral Bells) is a low-growing perennial, valued especially for its very attractive evergreen foliage. In Heuchera americana, leaves are slightly ruffled, kidney-shaped and green with silver between the veins, becoming reddish with cold weather. Slender spikes bearing tiny pinkish-green flowers rise a foot or more above the foliage in May. The flowers look like they are perpetually in bud and are themselves not particularly showy but the effect is nice, like a cloud or haze about the plant. It is quite at home in sun or partial shade, making it very adaptable for garden use. The foliage is outstanding.

Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Heuchera americana 'Green Spice'	Coral Bells	Year Round	Partial Shade to Shade	8-10" x 16"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Heuchera americana 'Green Spice' boasts semi-evergreen green leaves heavily overlaid with silver, featuring purple venation and dark gray edges. Their beauty extends into fall when they turn warm pumpkin-orange and red shades. Delicate sprays of tiny white flowers appear in summer reaching 24-28". Creates a bold color contrast in containers and perennial borders. Performs best in part shade in humusy well-drained soils. Is drought tolerant once established and will thrive in dry shade. Heucheras can be grown under Black Walnut trees because they are resistant to the toxin Juglone which the trees emit from their roots.

Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Heuchera 'Magma'	Coral Bells			18-24" x 24-30"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Heuchera 'Magma' will grab your attention with early foliage emerging bright pink or purple and turning a vibrant red with very large leaves. Pink flowers bloom in spring and summer. A very vigorous Coral Bells perfect for mixed borders. Stunning when planted next to Hosta or ferns in the garden, border or containers. Magma stays fiery hot pinkish-red from spring until frost! Heucheras can be grown under Black Walnut trees because they are resistant to the toxin Juglone which the trees emit from their roots.

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Heuchera villosa</i> (macrorhiza) 'Autumn Bride'	Hairy Alumroot	Early Fall	Partial Shade to Shade	24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Large, softly hairy, light green leaves are cool and fresh throughout the summer months. In the fall, large panicles of tiny white flowers rise up above the foliage, adding splash to the fall garden. Hairy alumroot is native to the Appalachians. Performs well in full sun altho a bit of shade in the afternoon would be well received. This species has good drought tolerance and seems to do better in hot and humid summers than most heucheras, though some scorch and general foliage decline may occur if soils are allowed to totally dry out.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Lavandula x intermedia</i> 'Grosso'	Hybrid Lavender	Mid Summer	Full Sun	1-3' x 1-3'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>This hardy lavender stands out for its unusually large, dark blue-purple flowers, silvery green foliage, and heavy fragrance. Growing to 30 inches tall and nearly as wide, 'Grosso' has very long flower spikes and blooms from midsummer into autumn. It is especially attractive as an edging. Provide full sun and well-drained, sandy soil. Lavender tolerates drought, but not excessive winter moisture or very high humidity.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Lavandula x intermedia</i> 'Phenomenal'™	Hybrid Lavender	Summer	Full Sun	2.5' x 4.5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>This lavender (introduced in 2013) conquers many of the problems often found in lavenders: it tolerates the extremes of both cold and heat without dying back, is resistant to common root and foliar diseases, and grows superbly in mid-Atlantic gardens. Heat and humidity does not scare this plant. Plan on giving this evergreen (mild winters) lavender space to spread out. Can be grown as an informal hedge.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Leucanthemum x superbum</i> 'Snowcap'	Shasta Daisy	Summer	Full Sun	15-18" x 12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Snowcap' is a compact shasta daisy that makes a great addition to any home garden. It's shorter stature makes it better able to stand up to harsh weather and it's large, white showy flowers, with yellow centers, will bloom profusely from July until September. A great addition to cut flower arrangements, <i>Leucanthemum</i> 'Snowcap' does well in sunny, dry sections of the garden. Good soil drainage is essential, wet soil in the winter can be deadly! Spent flowers can be removed to promote new blooms.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Liatris microcephala</i>	Dwarf Blazing Star	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	18" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>An exceptional compact native with fine-textured, deep green, grassy leaves, Dwarf Blazing Star sends up numerous spikes with tassel-like rosy purple flowers in August and September. Unique to the genus the flowers open from top to bottom on the spike in a slow unfurling of brilliant color. Excellent as a cut flower. <i>Liatris microcephala</i> can be found in sandy, dry prairies and open glades of the Southern Appalachian Mountains. Tolerant of clay and drought, very low maintenance. Loved by butterflies!</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Liatris pycnostachya Liatris pycnostachya	Prairie Blazing Star	Late Summer	Full Sun	36-48"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Liatris pycnostachya is an iconic prairie flower with spectacular spikes of tightly bunch lavender flowers bloom form top to bottom. Blooms from August through September. It is perhaps the tallest Liatris in cultivation. Native to the central and southeastern of the USA, it is a popular pollinator plant, it attracts bees, butterflies, and hummingbirds and is a larval host plant for several moths. The small seeds are attract to songbirds. Prairie Blazing Star thrives in full sun and is tolerant of poor and clay soils as well as summer heat and humidity. It does not tolerate wet soils in winter.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Limonium gmellinie 'STE10' Dazzle Rocks	Siberian Statice	Summer	Full Sun	12-24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Dazzle Rocks' has been selected for its long-blooming display of abundant purple flowers on compact plants. The large bunches of flowers are held on wiry stems above 5 foot basal rosettes of green foliage. This drought and heat tolerant plant is perfect for hot, dry sites. The papery flowers of statice are a favorite of floral designers and can be used as either fresh or dried cut stems. Grows best in full sun and well drained soil. Cut back the flowering stems after bloom finishes.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Limonium latifolium	Sea Lavender	Mid Summer	Full Sun	18-30"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Beautiful dense, cloudlike sprays of tiny lavender-blue flowers float above rosettes of broad, wavy leaves. Excellent cut flower either fresh or dried. The semi-evergreen glossy green leaves provide bold texture in the garden. The flowers attract pollinators. Prefers full sun and well-drained soils. Sea Lavender is salt tolerant and particularly useful for coastal gardens. Cut back stems after flowering to promote additional blooms.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Lobelia cardinalis	Cardinal Flower	Summer	Partial Shade	3-4'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Tall spikes of rich scarlet flowers that attract hummingbirds are borne in mid to late summer. Native to our streamsides or damp meadows, cardinal flower thrives in moist soils and will self-sow.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Monarda bradburiana	Eastern Beebalm	Spring to Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	2' x 3'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Eastern beebalm is a deciduous clump-former that doesn't take over the garden like many beebalms. It is mildew resistant and is the earliest beebalm to flower. Flowers are light pink and great for cutting. A member of the mint family, this native beebalm is very attractive to pollinators and occurs naturally in open and dry, rocky woods from Alabama to Texas, north to Iowa. In the garden, plant in sunny to partially sunny area.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Monarda fistulosa	Wild Bergamot	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	2-5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Wild Bergamot is a popular and showy perennial. Clusters of lavender, pink or white flowers, looking like ragged pompoms, bloom atop 2-5 ft., open-branched stems. This fragrant perennial, frequently cultivated, has aromatic leaves used to make mint tea. Oil from the leaves was formerly used to treat respiratory ailments. The leaves smell minty. Flowers are attractive to bees and butterflies. Best grown in dry to medium moisture, well-drained soils. Tolerates somewhat poor soils and some drought. Plants need good air circulation. Deadhead flowers to prolong summer bloom. Tends to self-seed.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Monarda 'Judith's Fancy Fuschia'	Beebalm	Mid Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	3-4'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Beebalm is a popular native plant for both ornamental and pollinator gardens. 'Judith's Fancy Fuschia' is a tall cultivar with vibrant, purplish red flowers that resemble playful jester's hats. Blooms over an extended period of 3 to 4 weeks. 'Judith's Fancy Fuschia' was ranked among the top performers in Mt. Cuba Center's plant trials for its abundant floral display, sturdy upright stems, and excellent powdery mildew resistance. Best grown in rich, moist, well-drained soil in full sun. Plants tolerate part sun, clay soil, and some drought once established. Spreads via rhizomes.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Nepeta x faassenii (racemosa) 'Cat's Meow'	Hybrid Catmint	Spring to Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	20' x 18'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>It is the 'Cat's Meow', for this catmint produces abundant purple blue spike blooms from late spring into summer. This perennial does not flop like most catmints. It only gets wider and broader as the season progresses. Fragrant when bruised. Responds well to shearing which will also promote rebloom. Plants are sterile and will not self seed. Companion plants: ornamental onions, peonies and daylilies</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Nepeta x faassenii (racemosa) 'Early Bird'	Hybrid Catmint	Late Spring	Sun to Partial Shade	12" x 12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Nepetas are beloved for their lavender blue flowers that are beautifully complemented by the gray-green foliage. They are a wonderful addition to flower beds or can be used as a low maintenance groundcover. Deer do not find the aromatic foliage of catmint attractive and rarely take a nibble. 'Early Bird' is low growing with a neat, compact habit and blooms earlier than most other varieties. Catmint has a long bloom time and can persist up to 6 weeks. Catmints prosper in average, well-drained soil in full sun to part shade. They are quite drought tolerant but soggy soils will lead to rot. Cats do indeed find this plant alluring.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Parthenium integrifolium	Wild Quinine	Summer	Full Sun	24-48"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Parthenium integrifolium produces flat-topped clusters of small white flowers in summer. Foliage is held in bold rosettes. The common name refers to its former use in tea to reduce fever. Attracting an array of pollinators, Wild Quinine is particularly well suited to wildlife gardens. It spreads via rhizomes and may not be suitable for small gardens. Easy to grow in average, dry to medium, well-drained soil in full sun, it is also drought tolerant. In addition it will grow in clay or shallow, rocky soil.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Penstemon digitalis	Beard-tongue	Early Summer	Full Sun	3-5' x 2'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<p>Beard-tongue is a most attractive wildflower producing elegant clusters of pure white or pink-tinted flowers that bloom for a month or longer beginning in early summer. Rigid stems arise from basal rosettes of attractive foliage. Penstemon prefers well-drained loam and sandy soils; however, it will tolerate clay. Mass in sunny borders, wild gardens, native plant gardens or naturalized areas. Attracts a variety of pollinators. Great in flower arrangements.</p>										
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Penstemon digitalis 'Blackbeard'	Beard-tongue	Late Spring	Full Sun	24-36"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<p>The dramatic dark purple stems and leaves of this Penstemon offer a strong contrast to the upright spikes of lilac purple flowers. Flowers are followed by attractive burgundy seed pods that provide extended seasonal interest. A favorite of hummingbirds as well as other pollinators. Penstemons are very drought tolerant. They grow best in full sun in an area with average to fertile soil with good drainage.</p>										
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Phedimus (Sedum) spurium 'Fuldaglut'	Hybrid Stonecrop	Late Summer	Full Sun	4" x 4-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<p>'Fuldaglut' is a low-growing, mat-forming, maroon-leaved cultivar that grows 2-3" tall but spreads to 18" wide. Leaves are attractive throughout the growing season. Rose red blooms appear August to September and are attractive to butterflies. Easily grown in acidic, average, dry to medium moisture, well-drained soils in full sun. Tolerates some light shade. Likes sandy or gravelly soils. Tolerates poor soils. Needs good soil drainage to perform well. Drought tolerant. Avoid overwatering.</p>										
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Phlox paniculata 'Jeana'	Summer Phlox	Summer to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	2-4' x 2-3'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<p>'Jeana' is an unusually mildew-resistant Phlox with sweetly fragrant lavender-pink flowers clusters. It blooms for an extended period from summer into fall. It thrives in organic, moist to average soil in full sun to light shade. Plants in shade will have smaller flowers and weaker stems. Tolerant of drought once established. Benefits from occasional fertilization. Deadhead to prolong blooming season. Garden phlox is a staple of the perennial border. Good for cut flowers. Regardless of flower color, it is attractive to hummingbirds and a host of pollinators. Black walnut tolerant.</p>										
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Phlox subulata 'Emerald Blue'	Moss Pink	Late Spring	Full Sun	6" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	<p>This phlox is a spring perennial that stands out in any garden with low mats of bright, showy, light blue flowers. An evergreen with small, bright green, needle-like foliage, it is great for rock gardens, borders or slopes. 'Emerald Blue' creates a dramatic effect cascading over walls or as a carpet of color. Soil should be fertile and good drainage is a must.</p>										

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Phlox subulata 'Emerald Pink'	Moss Pink	Late Spring	Full Sun	6" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This phlox is a spring perennial that stands out in any garden with low mats of showy, blazing pink flowers. An evergreen with small, bright green, needle-like foliage, it is great for rock gardens, borders or slopes. 'Emerald Pink' creates a dramatic affect cascading over walls or as a caarpet of color. Soil should be fertile and good drainage is a must.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Phlox subulata 'Purple Beauty'	Moss Pink	Late Spring	Full Sun	4-6" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This spreading groundcover is buried under a blanket of lavender purple blooms with a darker eye in late spring. Does best in full sun and tolerates drought. A natural for rock walls or garden edges, pair this native groundcover with yellow daffodils or tulips for a cheerful spring pocket of color.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Phlox subulata 'Snowflake'	Moss Pink	Mid Spring	Full Sun	6" x 24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Your neighbor is sure to ask what this perennial is as it would carpet your garden in white. Moss phlox is an excellent evergreen perennial for the sunny spot. The ideal soil is quick draining especially during the winter time. Plant moss phlox on slopes, rock gardens, the hell strip or front of the perennial border. Companion plant with sedums as well as hens and chicks.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Ratibida columnifera 'Red Midget'	Prairie Coneflower	Summer to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	36" x 36"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>For a showy native plant that will flourish in the dry sunny border, there is no other perennial better than the prairie coneflower. Fun, unique flowers dance above mounds of fine green foliage from June until frost. This plant is grown from seed, so there will be variation in the red/yellow ratio in the flowers. A native prairie plant, this dwarf variety of the species performs exceptionally well in hot and dry conditions. A must for the wildlife garden, it attracts pollinators and birds.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Ratibida pinnata	Gray-headed Coneflower	Summer	Full Sun	3-6'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Ratibida pinnata is a tall, 3 to 6 foot, slender plant with soft yellow flowers whose 3" droopy petals flutter playfully in the breeze. The raised central disk of the flower starts out grey-green and turns deep chocolate-brown as it matures. It is native to prairies and savannas throughout the midwest. A good pollinator plant, it attracts many native bees and butterflies and the seed is eaten by goldfinch and other birds. Yellow coneflower makes an excellent, long-lasting cut flower. Grow in average, medium moisture, well-drained soil in full sun. Prefers clay or sandy soils. Tolerates poor, dry soil as well as seasonal flooding. Can spread via seed.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Rudbeckia maxima	Giant Coneflower	Summer	Full Sun	7'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Huge glaucous, gray leaves form a basal rosette that is topped by flowering stems that reach as high as 7 feet! 3 inch black cones are surrounded by drooping yellow petals; very striking in the landscape. This is a unique native plant that attracts butterflies and is featured in the Butterfly River in Tyler's Stopford Family Meadow Maze.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Salvia azurea	Blue Sage	Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	4-5'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>The small light blue flowers of Salvia azurea are a delight in the late summer and into the fall. Loved by a variety of native bees and butterflies, it is a host plant for the hermit sphinx moth. Rabbits and deer dislike the aromatic foliage. Grow in medium to dry soils with good drainage. This plant has a tendency to "lodge" or flop over, especially in rich soils which can be avoided by cutting back up to half in early summer, staking the plants, or growing amongst other tall sturdy plants.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Salvia lyrata 'Purple Knockout'	Lyre-leaved Sage	Summer	Sun to Partial Shade	18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>The lyre-leaved sage is native to the woods edge and tall meadows of the eastern United States. A prized foliage plant full of intrigue. Compact basal rosettes of shiny burgundy leaves turning to deep purple in summer and then to red in the fall with spikes of pale lilac blue flowers. Attracts the bees and butterflies. Very easy to grow in most soil types and will self sow to spread and become a dense groundcover - a great native substitute for Ajuga.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Salvia pachyphylla	Rose Sage	Summer	Full Sun	24-36"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Salvia pachyphylla features striking spikes of intense bluish/purple flowers surrounded by rosey pink bracts that bloom throughout the summer. It is an evergreen shrub producing slightly cupped silvery grey, aromatic foliage. It is attractive to butterflies, hummingbirds, and a variety of bees. Native to the mountains and high desert of California, Nevada, and Arizona, this is a great plant for dry landscapes. Requires well-drained soil. Best in full sun but will tolerate light shade.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Santolina rosmarinifolia (virens)	Green Santolina	Spring to Fall	Full Sun	15-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Green Santolina is an evergreen, rounded, fragrant shrub from the Mediterranean. The leaves are fragrant and add a fine texture to the garden. Bright yellow pom-pom like flowers adorn the plant to complete the scene June-July. It is fairly short-lived. Hardy to Zone 6. It needs well-drained soil in the full sun and is quite drought tolerant. Prune the plant back severely in late winter or spring to keep it from getting too leggy, woody or splitting apart. Deer and drought resistant.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Sedum reflexum 'Blue Spruce'	Stonecrop	Year Round	Sun to Partial Shade	6" x 2'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>A very popular groundcover, 'Blue Spruce' sedum is great for rock gardens and ledges with its creeping blue foliage, highlighted by clusters of bright yellow star flowers in summer. Changing with the seasons, 'Blue Spruce' stonecrop has narrow, fleshy, needle-like, blue-green foliage which often becomes tinged with orange or red in winter. Particularly attractive in rock gardens, bumblebees and butterflies visit the flowers of 'Blue Spruce' in the summer. Blue Spruce stonecrop prefers full sun and well drained soil. It is drought tolerant, but a little watering may be necessary during extend heat periods.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Sedum rupestre 'Angelina'	Stonecrop	Year Round	Full Sun	6-10" x 8-12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Winner of a 2010 Plant of Merit, 'Angelina' is a yellow leaved sedum featuring spiky yellow leaves that often sport ginger brown tips. The leaves of this cultivar are the main ornamental interest. In cold winter climates, the leaves usually turn reddish-orange in autumn. Star-shaped yellow flowers appear in terminal cymes in summer, but are not overly showy because of the lack of contrast with the yellow leaves. Great for containers and hanging baskets, or as an underplanting in the full sun or bright shade garden. Easily grown in average, dry to medium, well-drained soils in full sun. Tolerates some light shade as well as drought and heat. Thrives in sandy to gravelly soils of moderate to low fertility. Needs good soil drainage to perform well. Plants will naturalize over time. Site starter plants 8-12" apart for massing as a ground cover.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Sedum ternatum 'Larinem Park'	Stonecrop	Late Spring	Sun to Partial Shade	4" x 23"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>The evergreen creeping selections of Stonecrop are excellent groundcover plants, particularly for hot, dry sites with poor soil. Larinem Park forms a low carpet of small, rounded green leaves, spreading to form a thick patch. Clusters of white starry flowers appear in late spring. A fast grower, this is best kept away from slower alpine plants that it might smother. Also a good choice for tubs and mixed containers. Easy to propagate; simply break pieces off in early summer and stick them in the ground. Larinem Park is more tolerant of shade and moisture than other Sedum species.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Sedum 'Vera Jameson'	Hybrid Stonecrop	Fall	Full Sun	12"x 10"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Unique among sedums, 'Vera Jamison' has bronzy gray leaves with stems that trail gracefully. Pink flowers adorn these beautiful, low growing plants and are absolutely covered with insects in fall. Easy and attractive. Hardy zones 3-9. Use as an attractive, full sun ground cover near the front of the border. Best planted in groupings and combines well with other perennials such as coreopsis. Excellent drought tolerance makes this plant very useful in rock walls and roof gardens. Grow in full sun with excellent drainage. Easy to divide and propagate. Little care is needed once established.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Seseli gummiferum	Moon Carrot	Mid Summer	Full Sun	24-36" x 12-8"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Seseli gummiferum is an umbelliferous biennial or short-lived perennial that is native to the Crimea and South Aegean. In the first year, it features a basal rosette of succulent, finely-dissected, fern-like, silver-gray foliage that rises to 12-18" tall and as wide. In the second year, large 5" umbels of pale pink flowers bloom in mid-summer atop thick gray-green stems that rise above the foliage to 2-3' tall. Flowers fade to white as they age. Easily grown in average, dry to medium moisture, well-drained soils in full sun. Performs well in sandy soils and is drought tolerant. Removal of flower stems to the base immediately after flowers fade may encourage perennial tendencies. Regardless, plants will remain in the garden via self-seeding.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Solidago shortii 'Solar Cascade'	Goldenrod	Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	24-30" x 18-24"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Solar Cascade' is a clump-forming perennial with short rhizomes that spread less aggressively than other goldenrods. It has arching panicles of small bright golden yellow flowers from late summer to early fall (September-October) that attract butterflies and bees and is drought tolerant once established. Solidago shortii is on the Federal Endangered Species list. It is named after Dr. Charles Wilkins Short who first discovered this plant in 1840 within the Falls of the Ohio River near Louisville, Kentucky. Best grown in moist, gravelly, well-drained soils in full sun to part shade. Best performance is in full sun. Plants will slowly spread by rhizomes to form colonies.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Stokesia laevis 'Peachie's Pick'	Stokes Aster	Mid Summer	Full Sun	18' x 18'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Stokesia are native American wildflowers with striking lavender blue daisy-like flowers. 'Peachie's Pick', named for Peachie Saxton, the plantwoman who discovered it, blooms longer and a bit later than other types. Stokesia attracts bees and butterflies, making it a valuable addition to pollinator gardens. Grows best in full sun in well-drained soil. Avoid wet soils in winter. Remove spent blooms to extend flowering.</p>											
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	Symphotrichum (Aster) ericoides 'Snow Flurry'	Heath Aster	Early Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	4-6" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Snow Flurry' is a prostrate heath aster cultivar that typically grows to 4-6" tall and spreads along the ground to form a dense foliage mat. Small, single asters with white rays and yellow centers cover the foliage in a profuse fall bloom. The flowers are attractive to butterflies. Distinctive leaves are 1" long, narrow, rigid and linear. Easily grown in average, dry to medium, well-drained soil in full sun. Tolerates some light shade. Good drought tolerance. Use 'Snow Flurry' as a robust groundcover throughout your flower beds to provide a dense, weed-smothering carpet of bright green stems and tiny leaves. It is great in rock gardens where it can sprawl along ledges and over rocks. Good for borders, cottage gardens, open woodland gardens or wild/naturalized areas. Zone 3-9</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Syneilesis aconitifolia</i>	Shredded Umbrella Plant	Spring to Fall	Partial Shade	12-18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Shredded umbrella plants are grown for their captivating leaves. In spring the emerging foliage is white, woolly and tightly furled. As they continue to grow, they slowly expand until they resemble elegant tattered umbrellas, measuring up to 6" across. The small flowers bloom in mid summer and are not particularly significant. This is a great foliage plant for the shade garden. It contrasts well with bold textured plants such as hosta, as well as finer textures provided by ferns. Prefers well-drained, humus-rich soil, but will tolerate drought once established. It spreads by creeping rhizomes and the clump will expand over time.

Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> (praecox) 'Minus'	Creeping Thyme	Year Round	Full Sun	4-6"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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Thymus 'Minus' is a dwarf creeping, woody-based perennial which is primarily used as a small ground cover. Numerous somewhat woody stems form a flat mat (2-6" tall) with tiny, rounded, fuzzy, blue-green leaves. Leaves are aromatic. Clusters of tiny, tubular, whitish to rose-purple flowers appear in summer. Flowers are attractive to bees. Evergreen in mild winters. Use as a ground cover or as an accent plant. It is deer resistant and tolerates foot traffic. Cut off winter damage to new growth in early spring. Heavy pruning should be done before August. Grows well even in poor clay soils as long as there is good drainage. Likes to dry slightly between waterings...don't let it stay wet too long.

Perennial: not Grass/Fern	<i>Vernonia angustifolia</i> 'Plum Peachy'	Narrow-leaf Ironweed	Late Summer	Full Sun	48"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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This southeast native perennial boasts large clusters of dark purple flowers on robust 4' tall stems late summer. The narrow green leaves are tinted with purple and contribute fine texture to the flower garden. 'Plum Peachy' was selected for its strong stems that resist lodging. It attracts beneficial insects, pollinators, butterflies, and hummingbirds. Performs best in full sun in soils that are consistently moist.

Perennial: Grass	<i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i>	Sideoats Grama grass	Summer to Fall	Full Sun	30" x 30"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Sideoats grama is a native grass that features oat-like seeds that dangle along one side of the stalk in late summer. The foliage is an attractive bluish green in spring and summer, turning shades of gold in fall. This is a clump forming grass and is not aggressive in the garden. Perfect for naturalistic or prairie style plantings, Sideoats Grama is a larval food host for several skipper butterflies and moths. Tough and drought tolerant this grass is adaptable in a wide variety of soils including sand and clay. Must be grown in full sun.

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: Grass	<i>Bouteloua gracilis</i> 'Blonde Ambition'	Gramma grass	Summer	Full Sun	28" x 20"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

'Blonde Ambition' produces chartreuse flowers (instead of purple for the species) on taller flowering stems that rise to 30 inches tall. Chartreuse flowers contrast nicely with the blue-gray leaf blades. Flowers give way to blond seed heads which typically remain through fall into early winter. Very low maintenance grass for the dry area. Wonderful perennial companions would be Liatris, Asters and Goldenrod. Blonde Ambition (and many ornamental grasses) don't need mulching BUT if desired, spread a thin layer. Tolerant of Black Walnut.

Perennial: Grass	<i>Carex albicans</i>	White Tinge Sedge	Spring to Fall	Partial Shade to Shade	18" x 18"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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White Tinge Sedge features wispy arching bright green foliage and a graceful mounding appearance. Flower spikes form in late spring and feature a distinct white margin. The very fine leaf blades can be up to 20" long and form flowing tussucks in the shade garden. The plant intermingles well with both early spring bulbs, native ephemerals, and garden perennials. Adapts to medium to dry soils in part to full shade. Slowly spreads via rhizomes.

Perennial: Grass	<i>Carex appalachica</i>	Appalachian Sedge	Spring to Fall	Partial Shade to Shade	6" x 12"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Carex appalachica is native to the dry woods of North America, making it a perfect choice for difficult dry shade areas in the garden. It also performs very well as a mounding, fine textured groundcover, a soft edging to a path, or as a graceful addition to container plantings. Appalachian sedge is clump forming and slowly, gradually forms colonies that provide habitat for wildlife. In addition, the seeds are eaten by a variety of birds and by turtles and it is an important larval food source for several species of caterpillars including those of skipper and satyr butterflies. Adaptable for almost all soil conditions other than poorly drained. Foliage should be cut back in late winter.

Perennial: Grass	<i>Carex pensylvanica</i>	Pennsylvania Sedge	Spring	Sun to Shade	6-8" x 6-8"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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Carex pensylvanica is a semi-evergreen native sedge that forms short clusters and spreads slowly by rhizomes to become a lush carpet. Foliage is green, red to purple. Reddish brown thimble-like flowers top the narrow fine textured leaves in spring. It provides an excellent seasonal cover for small foraging songbirds and mammals. Thrives in dry soil and remains lush in the shade of deciduous trees. It is deer resistant.

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: Grass	<i>Eragrostis spectabilis</i>	Purple Love Grass	Summer to Fall	Sun to Partial Shade	2' x 3'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Fluffy clouds of bronze-red inflorescences are soft and subtle in the sunlight. Light green foliage in summer turns to a bronzy-red in the fall. Irresistable texture plant for the late summer garden. Spreads via rhizomes. Propagate by division of clumps every few years. Cut foliage to the ground in early spring before new growth occurs. Use in perennial borders, mass plantings, as a specimen or groundcovers in open woodland areas. Tolerates infertile, sandy and poor soils in full sun and is drought tolerant.</p>											
Perennial: Grass	<i>Panicum virgatum</i> 'Shenandoah'	Switchgrass	Summer to Fall	Full Sun	4'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This is the reddest of all the Panicums, turning color in mid-summer, ending in a deep burgundy red in fall. Topped with airy, dark tan seed heads in late summer. Thrives in average soil and tolerates heat and drought.</p>											
Perennial: Grass	<i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i> 'Standing Ovation'	Bluestem Grass	Year Round	Full Sun	3-4' x 1'	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This little bluestem is remarkable for its very tight, upright habit, its thick blades, great drought resistance, and lovely colors. Red tips transition through purple down to blue-green at the base. Beautiful even in winter, when its fine, upright foliage takes on a reddish amber tone. It tolerates a wide range of growing conditions including poor, dry soils. Cut back in early spring to make way for new growth. It will self-seed and come back larger every year to fill an area, but this spread is slow and never invasive. Black walnut tolerant.</p>											
Perennial: Grass	<i>Sorghastrum nutans</i> 'MNYG318153' Golden Sunset®	Yellow Indian Grass	Late Summer	Full Sun	5-6'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>'Golden Sunset' is a selection of our native Yellow Prairie Grass. Wide leaves form a solid base up to 3' high with long golden seedheads rising up to 5 - 6' above the plant in late summer. The wheat-like seedheads are 10 - 12" and hold their form adding winter interest to the landscape. Developed by the Minnesota Landscape Arboretum, 'Golden Sunset' remains upright during the growing season and through the winter. 'Golden Sunset' is adaptable to a wide range of conditions, but prefers rich loam soils. It is drought tolerant once established. Cut back in late winter or early spring before new growth.</p>											
Perennial: Fern	<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i>	Maidenhair Spleenwort	Year Round	Partial Shade to Shade	4-8" x 12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>This small, fragile-looking evergreen native fern is incredibly tough once established. Its diminutive fronds form adorable short tufts of green and appear like miniature versions of our common sword fern. <i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> is very cute and once it is established it is even easy to grow in dry shade. This easy but slow-growing fern performs well in light, open, dappled, or deep shade. It grows fastest in rich well-drained soil, but it will grow well in most soil types except those that become water logged. It is drought tolerant once established. Prefers rocky conditions and does well planted in the cracks and crevices of a rock wall.</p>											

TypeDesc	Botanical Name	Common Name	Season of Interest	Exposure	Size	Attract Birds	Attract Hbirds	Attract Butterflies	Deer Resistant	Drought Tolerant	Native
Perennial: Fern	<i>Onoclea sensibilis</i>	Sensitive Fern	Spring to Summer	Partial Shade to Shade	1' - 3'	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<p>Sensitive fern has medium to large-sized ferns; large, deeply pinnatifid fronds and spherical spore-bearing bodies borne on a separate stalk. The fronds die quickly with the first autumn frosts, which is why the plant has gained its common name of the sensitive fern. This species is reported to be poisonous to livestock and rarely, if ever, is troubled by browsing deer. It is found in wet woods, along streams, riverbanks, swamps and bogs; uncommon in forested environments. The preference is partial sun to light shade, moist conditions, and soil that is loamy, silty, or sandy.</p>											
Annual - ALL Seasons	<i>Drimiopsis maculata</i>	African False Hosta	Year Round	Partial Shade to Shade	8" x 12"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p><i>Drimiopsis maculata</i> is notable for its 8" long by 2" wide green leaves that are covered with dark spots. In early May 1' tall flower spikes carry tiny bright white buds that open and turn a pale green. This deciduous bulb from South Africa can be used as an unusual and interesting foliage plant for shade gardens, including dry shade. The flowers are an attractive bonus. It can also be used as a container plant or as a house plant. Hardy to Zone 7b, <i>Drimiopsis</i> prefers partial shade and grows easily in an array of garden soils as long as they are well-drained.</p>											
Annual - ALL Seasons	<i>Haworthia retusa</i>	Star Cactus	Year Round	Bright Indirect Light		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p><i>Haworthia</i>, called star cactus, is not a cactus at all. It is a succulent with beautiful thick, moisture filled leaves that are clustered in a star patterned rosette. Grow it indoors as a house plant or outdoors as a seasonal container plant. Tall flowering stems arise from the center of the rosette bearing small white tubular flowers. These house plants are easy to grow. They prefer bright indirect light, which produces the best colors in the leaves - a bright windowsill is ideal. They prefer a very well-drained potting mix. Allow to dry out between watering; excessive watering can cause root rot.</p>											
Annual - ALL Seasons	<i>Plectranthus hadiensis</i> var. <i>tomentosus</i>	Vick's Plant	Year Round	Partial Shade	12" x 30"	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p><i>Plectranthus tomentosus</i> is a perennial, succulent-like herb or branched subshrubs with aromatic leaves. It is commonly known as the "Vicks Plant" for its leaves that smell like Vick's Vap-O-Rub or mentholatum when crushed. The flowers are white to light purple, and exceptionally attractive to honey bees. Give this one room, as it can spread to three or four feet across. Prune back by half every six months to reduce woodiness. Very fast growing - ideal for filling empty spots. The plant prefers dry conditions, very drought tolerant. It is a tender perennial and is grown here as an annual or a houseplant.</p>											